



[These financial statements have not been audited]

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**30 JUNE 2012** 

## **INDEX**

Content	s	Page
Genera	al Information	1
	val of the Financial Statements	2
	from the Chief Financial Officer	3
Statem	nent of Financial Position	6
Statem	ent of Financial Performance	7
Statem	ent of Changes In Net Assets	8
Cash F	Flow Statement	9
Accour	nting Policies	10 - 31
Notes t	to the Financial Statements	32 - 69
APPEN	NDICES - Unaudited	
Α	Schedule of External Loans	70
В	Segmental Statement of Financial Performance - Municipal Votes	71
С	Segmental Statement of Financial Performance	72
D	Disclosure of Grants and Subsidies in terms of Section 123 of the MFMA, Act 56 of 2003	73

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

## **NATURE OF BUSINESS**

Langeberg Municipality is a local municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution. (Act no 105 of 1996)

## **COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM**

Langeberg Municipality is a South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

## **JURISDICTION**

The Langeberg Municipality includes the following towns and surrounding rural areas:

Ashton

Bonnievale

McGregor

Montagu

Robertson

## **MUNICIPAL MANAGER**

SA Mokweni

## **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

CF Hoffman

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Langeberg Municipality; 28 Main Road; Ashton; 6715

## **AUDITORS**

Office of the Auditor General (WC)

#### PRINCIPLE BANKERS

ABSA; PO Box 4453; Tygervalley; 7536

## **RELEVANT LEGISLATION**

Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003)

Division of Revenue Act

The Income Tax Act

Value Added Tax Act

Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998)

Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000)

Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations

Water Services Act (Act no 108 of 1997)

Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997)

Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004)

Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987)

Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999)

Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998)

Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966)

Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997)

Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005

Collective Agreements

Infrastructure Grants

SALBC Leave Regulations

## MEMBERS OF THE LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY

## COUNCILLORS

Gagiano, D Hull, D A Klaas. K L Van Eeden, SW Scheffers, EMJ Crouwcamp, NP Burger, J D De Koker, T S Janse, D B Kortje, R R Kriel, J Mafilika, S P Turner, E Van Zyl, J D F Zwedala, E M Grootboom, C J Johnson, R Mgoqi, N J Mhlambeni, A N	Executive Mayor Speaker Deputy Mayor Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Member of Mayoral Committee Ordinary Councillor	DA DA DA DA DA DA DA ANC DA ANC PDM ANC ANC ANC	Proportional Ward Proportional Ward Ward Ward Ward Ward Ward Ward Ward
Mgoqi, N J	Ordinary Councillor	ANC	Proportional

## APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, which are set out on pages 1 to 73 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

Attor "	
	31/08/2012
SA Mokweni	Date
Municipal Manager	

# LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2012

## REPORT OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

## 1. INTRODUCTION

It gives me great pleasure to present the financial position of LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY for the fiscal year 2011/2012

In rendering a corporate financial management service to all departments, the Finance Department's primary objective is to assist the other directorates to manage their budgets and ensure the effective application of financial resources in rendering services to the community.

Langeberg Municipality is now compliant with the requirements of GRAP. It has been a long, difficult and very expensive process.

## 2. KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS

The economic downturn and the Eskom price increases continue to put strain on good financial management.

#### Financial Statement Ratios:

INDICATOR	30 June 2012	30 June 2011
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year before Appropriations	15 777 369	15 686 467
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit) at the end of the Year	381 296 377	410 519 007
Expenditure Categories as a percentage of Total Expenses:		
Employee related costs	29.25%	30.68%
Remuneration of Councillors	1.73%	1.59%
Debt Impairment	1.36%	2.46%
Depreciation and Amortisation	5.23%	4.36%
Collection costs	0.26%	0.28%
Impairments	1.02%	0.00%
Repairs and Maintenance	3.22%	3.09%
Actuarial losses	0.83%	0.40%
Unamortised Discount - Interest paid	0.03%	0.04%
Finance Charges	1.90%	2.39%
Bulk Purchases	43.26%	38.67%
Contracted services	0.30%	0.42%
Grants and Subsidies	0.02%	0.00%
Stock Adjustments	0.05%	0.00%
Operating Grant Expenditure	1.89%	5.67%
General Expenses	9.64%	9.56%
Loss on disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment	0.01%	0.38%

One indicator needing comment is that of repairs and maintenance. In recent years there has been made much comments as to how low this ratio is. It should be noted that the ratio improvement has been achieved despite the massive increases in Eskom charges.

## 3. OPERATING RESULTS

The overall operating results for the year ended 30 June 2012 are as follows:

DETAILS	Actual 2011/2012 R	Actual 2010/2011 R	Percentage Variance %	Budgeted 2011/2012 R	Variance actual/ budgeted %
Opening surplus / (deficit)	400 540 045	393 805 541	1.71%	-	-
Operating income for the year (incl. gains in disposal of assets)	386 321 399	346 807 484	11.39%	406 252 908	-4.91%
Appropriations for the year	526 492	(8 951 962)	0.00%	-	
	787 387 936	731 661 063	7.62%	406 252 908	93.82%
Expenditure:					
Operating expenditure for the year	370 544 030	331 121 017	11.91%	405 569 148	-8.64%
Closing surplus / (deficit)	416 843 907	400 540 045			
	787 387 936	731 661 063	7.62%	405 569 148	94.14%
				_	

#### 4. FINANCING OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment during the year amounted to R 38 663 102, and in percentage terms amounts to 75% of budget. Full details of Property, Plant and Equipment are disclosed in note number 45.3 to the Annual Financial Statements.

The capital expenditure of R 38 663 102 (2011/12) was financed as follows:

DETAILS	Actual 2011/2012 R	Budgeted 2011/2012 R	Percentage Variance %	Source of funding as % of total Cap exp
Capital Replacement Reserve	22 568 485	28 069 073	-24%	
External Loans				0.00%
Grants and Subsidies	16 094 617	23 670 404	-47%	41.63%
Leased Assets				0.00%
	38 663 102	51 739 477		100.00%

#### 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	2012 R	2011 R
The outstanding amount of Long-term Liabilities as at 30 June was :	38 533 273	41 667 271
No new loans were taken up during the financial year to enable the municipality to finance its capital requirements.		-

Refer to Note number 3 and Appendix "A" for more detail.

## 6. NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS AND NON-CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Non-current Provisions and Employee Benefits at 30 June are made up as follows:	46 306 193	39 068 327
		_
Provision for Post Retirement Benefits	36 939 296	30 851 800
Provision for Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits	-	-
Provision for Long Service Awards	5 096 187	4 258 046
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	4 270 710	3 958 481
Provision for Clearing of Alien Vegetation	-	-
	46 306 193	39 068 327

These provisions are made in order to enable the municipality to be in a position to fulfil its known legal obligations when they become due and payable.

## 7. CURRENT LIABILITIES

		68 567 910	72 862 303
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	Note number 3	3 481 454	3 390 561
Taxes	Note number 12.1	3 730 739	3 549 728
Unspent Public Contributions		62 849	62 849
Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	Note number 10	6 989 484	8 463 004
Payables from exchange transactions	Note number 9	34 080 545	38 325 430
Provisions	Note number 8	2 555 348	2 231 348
Current Employee benefits	Note number 7	11 588 009	11 268 307
Consumer Deposits	Note number 6	6 079 482	5 571 077
Current Liabilities are made up as follows:			

Current Liabilities are those liabilities of the municipality due and payable in the short-term (less than 12 months). There is no known reason as to why the municipality will not be able to meet its obligations.

Refer to the indicated Note numbers for more detail.

## 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The net value of Intangible Assets is: 614 827 876 532

These are assets which cannot physically be identified and verified and are all in respect of computer software.

Refer to Note number 15 for more detail.

## 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The net value of Property, Plant and Equipment is: 423 239 975 407 094 292

Refer to Note number 13 for more detail.

#### 10. INVESTMENTS

The municipality held investments to the value of ;		
Call Investment Accounts	70 000 000	70 000 000
Listed Investment	9 653	7 441
Unlisted Investments	41 896	48 914
	70 051 549	70 056 355

Refer to Note number 24 for more detail.

#### 11. LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

12.

Refer to Note number 18 for more detail.			
		1 788 <u>816</u>	2 497 727
CURRENT ASSETS			
Current Assets are made up as follows:			
Inventory	Note number 20	9 643 884	10 363 065
Receivables from exchange transactions	Note number 21	28 483 006	13 956 789
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	Note number 22	3 962 306	3 532 652
Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	Note number 10	0	3 304 716
Operating Lease Asset	Note number 23	36 919	32 641
Taxes	Note number 12	2 959 433	11 455
Current Portion of Long-term Receivables	Note number 19	2 167 412	1 209 421
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Note number 24	73 915 183	88 069 364
Refer to the indicated Note numbers for more detail.		121 168 143	120 480 103

## 13. INTER-GOVERNMENTAL GRANTS

The municipality plays a major role in the upliffment of the poor and in sustaining and improving infrastructure for all its citizens for which it uses grants received from government and other organisations, and thus it has a big responsibility as custodian of these funds.

Refer to Notes number 10 as well as Appendix D for more detail,

## 14. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Full details of all known events after the reporting date are disclosed in Note number 51,

## 15. DISCLOSURE ISSUES

Please refer to note number 47 to 55.

## 16. EXPRESSION OF APPRECIATION

I am grateful to the Municipal Manager, Directors and Heads of Departments for the support they extended during the financial year.

The work involved in producing these financial statements just gets more detailed each year and therefore my heartfelt thanks goes to the staff at all levels and in all departments, for their hard work and dedication.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

31 August 2012

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	2 012 R	2011 R
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Net Assets		426 296 377	410 519 007
Capital Replacement Reserve Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	2	45 000 000 381 296 377	45 526 492 364 992 515
Non-Current Liabilities		80 477 631	76 395 221
Long-term Liabilities Employee benefits Non-Current Provisions	3 4 5	34 171 439 42 035 483 4 270 710	37 326 894 35 109 846 3 958 481
Current Liabilities		68 567 910	72 862 303
Consumer Deposits Current Employee benefits Provisions Payables from exchange transactions Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Unspent Public Contributions Taxes Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	6 7 8 9 10 11 12.1 3	6 079 482 11 588 009 2 555 348 34 080 545 6 989 484 62 849 3 730 739 3 481 454	5 571 077 11 268 307 2 231 348 38 325 430 8 463 004 62 849 3 549 728 3 390 561
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		575 341 918	559 776 532
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		452 709 435	438 168 089
Property, Plant and Equipment Investment Property Intangible Assets Capitalised Restoration cost Non-Current Investments Long-Term Receivables	13 14 15 16 17	423 239 975 27 014 467 614 827 0 51 549 1 788 616	407 094 292 27 347 336 876 532 295 847 56 355 2 497 727
Non-Current Assets held for sale	19	1 464 340	1 128 340
Current Assets		121 168 143	120 480 103
Inventory Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Operating Lease Asset Taxes Current Portion of Long-term Receivables Cash and Cash Equivalents	20 21 22 10 23 12 18 24	9 643 884 28 483 006 3 962 306 0 36 919 2 959 433 2 167 412 73 915 183	10 363 065 13 956 789 3 532 652 3 304 716 32 641 11 455 1 209 421 88 069 364
Total Assets		575 341 918	559 776 532

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		2012	2011	2011	2011
	Notes	Actual	Restated	Correction of Error Refer Note 39	Previously reported
		R	R	R	R
REVENUE					
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		105 889 939	107 637 183	(2 304 747)	109 941 930
Taxation Revenue		27 949 649	23 826 569	-	23 826 569
Property rates	25	27 949 649	23 826 569	-	23 826 569
Transfer Revenue		76 105 029	81 420 886	(2 304 747)	83 725 633
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Public Contributions and Donations	26 26	16 274 360 59 710 669 120 000	17 256 275 63 750 871 413 740	(1 450 209) (854 538)	18 706 484 64 605 409 413 740
Other Revenue		1 835 260	2 389 729	_	2 389 729
Gain on Foreign Exchange transaction		-	4 523	-	4 523
Fines		1 835 260	2 385 206	-	2 385 206
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		280 431 460	239 170 301	(773)	239 171 074
Service Charges Rental of Facilities and Equipment	27	253 122 168 1 658 546	217 749 166 1 569 340	- 350	217 749 166 1 568 990
Interest Earned - external investments		5 042 189	4 866 923	-	4 866 923
Interest Earned - outstanding debtors		1 513 318	1 332 092	-	1 332 092
Licences and Permits		1 261 437	1 111 859	-	1 111 859
Agency Services		1 814 479	1 562 916	-	1 562 916
Other Income	28	15 966 666	10 764 294	(1 123)	10 765 417
Unamortised Discount - Interest		52 658	45 057 168 655	-	45 057 168 655
Gain on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	100 000		100 000
Total Revenue		386 321 399	346 807 484	(2 305 521)	349 113 005
EXPENDITURE					
Employee related costs	29	108 382 119	101 598 452	-	101 598 452
Remuneration of Councillors	30	6 420 162	5 263 028	-	5 263 028
Debt Impairment	31	5 023 155	8 138 883	3 164 238	4 974 645
Depreciation and Amortisation	32	19 381 380	14 451 960	-	14 451 960
Collection costs		959 455	916 446	-	916 446
Impairments		3 770 043	-	-	-
Repairs and Maintenance	4	11 920 235	10 240 030	(303 391)	10 543 421
Actuarial losses	4	3 069 592	1 336 500	-	1 336 500
Unamortised Discount - Interest paid Finance Charges	34	122 093 7 056 410	126 286 7 919 836	(343)	126 286 7 920 178
Bulk Purchases	35	160 291 452	128 060 590	(343)	128 060 590
Contracted services	00	1 105 252	1 379 492	<u>-</u>	1 379 492
Grants and Subsidies	36	73 500	-	_	-
Stock Adjustments		184 451	_	_	_
Operating Grant Expenditure		6 997 889	18 774 331	-	18 774 331
General Expenses	37	35 732 422	31 642 086	209 775	31 432 311
Loss on disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment		49 613	1 266 504	-	1 266 504
Fair Value Adjustments		4 807	6 593	6 593	-
Total Expenditure		370 544 030	331 121 017	3 076 872	328 044 145
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		15 777 369	15 686 467	(5 382 393)	21 068 860

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Capital Replacement Reserve	Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	Total
	R	R	R
Balance at 01 JULY 2010	36 340 353	357 796 210	394 136 563
Correction of error on CRR (Refer Note 39) Correction of error (Refer Note 39)	(792 823)	792 823 (331 022)	(331 022)
Restated balance at 01 JULY 2010	35 547 530	358 258 011	393 805 541
Net Surplus for the year Transfer to/from CRR Property,Plant and Equipment purchased Correction of error (Refer Note 39)	36 192 214 (43 324 632)	15 686 467 (36 192 214) 43 324 632 1 027 000	15 686 467 - - 1 027 000
Correction of error on CRR (Refer Note 39)	17 111 380	(17 111 380)	-
Balance at 30 JUNE 2011	45 526 492	364 992 515	410 519 007
Net Surplus for the year Transfer to/from CRR Property,Plant and Equipment purchased	22 041 993 (22 568 485)	15 777 369 (22 041 993) 22 568 485	15 777 369 - -
Balance at 30 JUNE 2012	45 000 000	381 296 377	426 296 377

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	Notes	30 JUNE 2012	30 JUNE 2011 R
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Ratepayers and other		288 144 287	264 158 372
Government - operating Government - capital		59 710 669 16 274 360	63 750 871 17 256 275
Interest		6 555 507	6 199 015
Payments			
Suppliers and employees		(337 272 075)	(285 747 896)
Finance charges Transfers and Grants	34	(7 056 410)	(7 919 836) -
Cash generated by operations	41	26 356 339	57 696 801
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	13	(38 183 809)	(42 327 937)
Proceeds on Disposals	45	70 856	215 898
Purchase of Intangible Assets Decrease/(Increase) in Long-term Receivables	15 18	(479 293) 673 165	(499 214) (1 705 671)
Decrease/(Increase) in Non-current Investments	17	4 807	6 593
Net Cash from Investing Activities		(37 914 274)	(44 310 331)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loans repaid		(3 104 650)	(3 228 264)
New loans raised (Decrease)/Increase in Consumer Deposits		508 405	628 867
Net Cash from Financing Activities		(2 596 245)	(2 599 397)
NET (INCREASE) /DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(14 154 181)	10 787 073
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		88 069 364	77 282 291
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	42	73 915 183	88 069 364
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(14 154 181)	10 787 073

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The standards are summarised as follows:

GRAP 1*	Presentation of Financial Statements
GRAP 2*	Cash Flow Statements
GRAP 3*	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
GRAP 4*	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
GRAP 7	Investments in Associates
GRAP 8	Interests in Joint Ventures
GRAP 9*	Revenue from Exchange Transactions
GRAP 10*	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economics
GRAP 11*	Construction Contracts
GRAP 12*	Inventories
GRAP 13*	Leases
GRAP 14*	Events after the Reporting Date
GRAP 16*	Investment Property
GRAP 17*	Property, Plant and Equipment
GRAP 19*	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
GRAP 21	Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets
GRAP 23	Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions
GRAP 26	Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets
GRAP 100*	Non-current Assets held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
GRAP 101	Agriculture
GRAP 102	Intangible assets
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

IPSAS 20	Related Party Disclosure
IFRS 3 (AC140)	Business Combinations
IFRS 4 (AC141)	Insurance Contracts
IFRS 6 (AC143)	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
IAS 12 (AC102)	Income Taxes
SIC - 21 (AC421)	Income Taxes – Recovery of Revaluated Non-Depreciable Assets
SIC - 25 (AC425)	Income Taxes – Changes in the Tax Status on an Entity or its Shareholders
SIC - 29 (AC429)	Service Concessions Arrangements – Disclosures
IFRIC 2 (AC435)	Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments
IFRIC 4 (AC437)	Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease
IFRIC 9 (AC442)	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives
IFRIC 12 (AC445)	Service Concession Arrangements
IFRIC 13 (AC446)	Customer Loyalty Programmes
IFRIC 14 (AC447) IAS19	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
IFRIC 15 (AC448)	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
IFRIC 16 (AC449)	Hedges in a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

<sup>\*</sup>The Municipality resolved to early adopt the revised GRAP standards which have been issued but are not effective yet.

The Municipality resolved to formulate an accounting policy based on the following GRAP standards which have been issued but are not effective yet.

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 25	Employee Benefits	Unknown

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption or transitional provision has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## 1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. No financial values are given in an abbreviated display format. No foreign exchange transactions are included in the statements.

## 1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

As noted below, GRAP 24 is not effective yet, however budget information required in terms of GRAP 1 paragraph 11 to 14 have been disclosed in the financial statements.

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

#### 1.5. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances.

The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. In general, materiality is determined as 1% of total expenditure.

## 1.6. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	Unknown
(Revised)	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 7	Investments in Associate	Unknown
(Revised)	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 8	Interest in Joint Ventures	Unknown
(Revised)	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting	Unknown
	Information to a large extent is already included in the notes to the annual financial statements.	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

GRAP 24	Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements Information to a large extent is already included in the notes to the annual financial statements.	1 April 2012
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets  No adjustments will be necessary as the Municipality has no heritage assets.	1 April 2012
GRAP 105	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 106	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown
GRAP 107	Mergers  No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not participate in such business transactions.	Unknown

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

## 1.7. RESERVES

#### 1.7.1 Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)

In order to finance the provision of infrastructure and other items of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from the accumulated surplus / (deficit) to the CRR. The cash in the CRR can only be utilized to finance items of property, plant and equipment. The CRR is reduced and the accumulated surplus / (Deficit) are credited by a corresponding amount when the amounts in the CRR are utilized.

## 1.8. LEASES

## 1.8.1 Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 1.8.2 Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to derecognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

## 1.9. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.11. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the Economic Entity has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met. They represent unpaid government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the grant is receivables:

Unpaid conditional grants are recognised as an asset when the grant is receivable.

#### 1.12. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is possible.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
  - the business or part of a business concerned;
  - the principal locations affected;
  - the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
  - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
  - when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions shall be reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision shall be reversed.

#### 1.12. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

## (a) Post Retirement Medical obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% are paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – Employee benefits (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the fair value of the obligation. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

## (b) Long Service awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries periodically and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation. Defined benefit plans are postemployment plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

## (c) Ex gratia Gratuities

Ex gratia gratuities are provided to employees that were not previously members of a pension fund. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation. Defined benefit plans are postemployment plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

#### (d) Accrued Leave Pay

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year end and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

## (e) Staff Bonuses

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year end for each employee.

## (f) Performance bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is maintained. Municipal entities' performance bonus provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

## (g) Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year they become payable. Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

defined contribution plans. The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued tri-annually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are charged against income in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

#### 1.13. BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised to the cost of that asset unless it is inappropriate to do so. The Municipality ceases the capitalisation of borrowing costs when substantially all the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete. It is considered inappropriate to capitalise borrowing costs where the link between the funds borrowed and the capital asset acquired cannot be adequately established. Borrowing costs incurred other than on qualifying assets are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance when incurred.

## 1.14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## 1.14.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). It the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

## 1.14.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

## 1.14.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives

	Years		Years
<u>Infrastructure</u>		<u>Other</u>	
Roads and Paving	1-100	Buildings	1-100
Pedestrian Malls	1-100	Specialist vehicles	10-20
Electricity	1-80	Other vehicles	4-45
Water	1-125	Furniture and Office equipment	1-100
Sewerage	1-100	Plant and Equipment	1-40
Housing	1-105	Landfill sites	15
		Quarries	25
<u>Community</u>		Computer equipment	2-20
Buildings	1-105		
Recreational Facilities	7-100		
Security	5		
Halls	1-105		
Libraries	1-100		
Parks and gardens	1-100		
Other assets	7-100		
Finance lease assets			
Office equipment	2-22		
Other assets	2-22		

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment charged to the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.14.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 1.14.5 Land and buildings and Other Assets – application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Land and Buildings the fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007. For Other Assets the depreciation cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

#### 1.15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

## 1.15.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiability criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, asset or liability; or
- arises from contractual rights (including rights arising from binding arrangements) or other legal rights (excluding rights granted by statute), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project: and
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

## 1.15.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

## 1.15.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible AssetsYearsComputer Software2-7Computer Software Licenses2-7

## 1.15.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.15.5 Application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Intangible Assets the depreciation cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

#### 1.16. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

#### 1.16.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when; and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. The cost of self-constructed investment property is the cost at date of completion.

## 1.16.2 Subsequent Measurement - Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 1.16.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment Property
Buildings

Years
1-100

## 1.16.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.16.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

## 1.17. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

## 1.17.1 Initial Recognition

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

## 1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement

Non-current assets held for sale (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

A non-current asset is not depreciated (or amortised) while it is classified as held for sale, or while it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are recognised in surplus or deficit.

## 1.18. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### 1.18.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating units (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.18.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss recorded in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches:

- Depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an
  asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset
  is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in
  its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing
  asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is
  measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated
  depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service
  potential of the asset.
- Restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to its pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration cost of the asset from the current cost of replacing

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

the remaining service potential of the asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.

Service unit approach - the present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined
by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential of the asset before impairment, to
conform with the reduced number of service units expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the
restoration cost approach, the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset
before impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the
asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.19. NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Financial instruments, which include, investments in municipal entities and fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

## 1.20. INVENTORIES

## 1.20.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 1.20.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down in this way. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

In general, the basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

## 1.21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include trade and other receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and trade and other payables.

## 1.21.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability

#### 1.21.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost., Financial Liabilities are categorised as either at fair value, financial liabilities at cost or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation.

## 1.21.2.2 <u>Trade and Other Receivables</u>

Trade and other receivables are classified as loans and receivables, and are subsequently measured amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the assets's carrying amount and the present value of estimated

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

## 1.21.2.3 <u>Trade and Other Payables and Annuity Loans</u>

Financial liabilities consist of trade and other payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

## 1.21.2.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

## 1.21.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

#### 1.21.3.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
  obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and
  rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the
  risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

## 1.21.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.21.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

#### 1.22. REVENUE

#### 1.22.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis as an exchange transaction.

Fine Revenue constitutes both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised based on an estimation of future collections of fines issued based on prior period trends and collection percentages.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

## 1.22.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered/ goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale. It is estimated that pre-paid electricity is consumed within 5 to 7 days after date of purchase. The pre-paid electricity sold, but not consumed yet at year-end is disclosed as under Trade and Other Payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse points per property.

Service charges relating to sanitation (sewerage) are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage. In the case of residential property a fixed monthly tariff is levied and in the case of commercial property a tariff is levied based on the number of sewerage connection on the property. Service charges based on a basic charge as per Council resolution.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the entity and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the entity.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating; or
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably, the revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

## 1.22.3 Grants, Transfers and Donations (Non-Exchange Revenue)

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is raised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

## 1.23. RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions or if the related party entity and another entity are subject to common control.

Related parties include:

• Entities that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by the reporting entity;

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

- Individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the reporting entity that gives them significant
  influence over the entity, and close members of the family of any such individual;
- Key management personnel, and close members of the family of key management personnel; and
- Entities in which a substantial ownership interest is held, directly or indirectly, by any person described in the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> bullet, or over which such a person is able to exercise significant influence.

Key management personnel include:

- All directors or members of the governing body of the entity, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee.
- Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities
  of the reporting entity being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers
  reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

## 1.24. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.25. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 200), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy.

Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## 1.26. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

#### 1.27. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measures with sufficient reliability.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities.

## 1.28. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information was prepared in accordance with the best practice guidelines issued by National Treasury. The presentation of budget information is in line with the basis of accounting as per

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

the GRAP Framework. GRAP 24: Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements is not yet effective. This standard brings new rules in respect of presentation of budget information.

#### 1.29. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

## Post retirement medical obligations, Long service awards and Ex gratia gratuities

The cost of post retirement medical obligations, long service awards and ex-gratia gratuities are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

## Impairment of trade receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

## Property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

## Intangible assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

#### **Investment Property**

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

## Provisions and contingent liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the effect of discounting is material using actuarial valuations.

## Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.22.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.22.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. Revenue from the issuing of spot fines and summonses has been recognised on the accrual basis using estimates of future collections based on the actual results of prior periods. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

## 1.30. TAXES - VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value added tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

## 1.31. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include fundamental errors, and the treatment of assets financed by external grants.

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

2	NET ASSET RESERVES	2012 R	2011 R
	Capital Replacement Reserve	45 000 000	45 526 492
	Total Net Asset Reserves	45 000 000	45 526 492
	Balance previously reported  Change in accounting policy reserves no longer in policy - Refer to note 39.1	-	29 207 935 16 318 557 45 526 492
3	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	=	
	Annuity Loans - At amortised cost Capitalised Lease Liability - At amortised cost	38 520 985 12 288	41 590 832 76 440
	Current Portion transferred to Current Liabilities	38 533 273 3 481 454	41 667 271 3 390 561
	Annuity Loans - At amortised cost Capitalised Lease Liability - At amortised cost	3 469 166 12 288	3 326 410 64 151
	Unamortised charges on loans	<b>35 051 819</b> (880 380)	<b>38 276 710</b> (949 816)
	Balance 1 July Adjustment for the period	949 816 (69 436)	1 031 045 (81 229)
	Total Long-term Liabilities - At amortised cost using the effective interest rate method	34 171 439	37 326 894
	Balance previously reported (Note 3 and 4) Correction of error on loan balances - Refer to note 39.2		<b>37 327 237</b> 343
	Refer below for maturity dates of long term liabilities  The obligations under annuity loans are scheduled below:	Minin annuity p:	
	According to the control of the cont	amany p	zymento
	Amounts payable under annuity loans:  Payable within one year  Payable within two to five years  Payable after five years	7 041 835 24 771 975 28 717 232	6 980 545 25 972 874 34 772 135
	Less: Future finance obligations	60 531 042 (22 010 057)	67 725 555 (26 134 723)
	Present value of annuity obligations	38 520 985	41 590 832
	Annuity loans at amortised cost is calculated at 9.29% interest rate, with a maturity date of 31 March 2027.		
	The obligations under finance leases are scheduled below:	Minin lease pay	
	Amounts payable under finance leases:		
	Payable within one year Payable within two to five years Payable after five years	32 061 25 870 -	67 442 12 860
		57 931	80 302
	Less: Future finance obligations	(45 643)	(3 862)
	Present value of lease obligations	12 288	76 440

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Leases are secured by property, plant and equipment - Note 13

The capitalised lease liability consist out of the following contracts:

Supplier	Description of leased item	Effective Interest rate	Annual Escalation	Lease Term	Maturity Date
	<u></u>			Louise Territ	waterity Date
Minolco	Minolta B211 - 4107719	18%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21216750	7%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21216757	7%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21216775	7%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21216779	7%	0%	36 months	2011/09/30
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21216816	9%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	Minolta B350 - 21219171	9%	0%	36 months	2012/01/31
Minolco	Minolta B920 - 57GL00831	16%	0%	36 months	2011/08/31
Minolco	MINOLTA C253 - E041003232	25%	0%	36 months	2011/10/31
Nashua Western Cape	MP171SPFCHN-V4499204844	10%	0%	36 months	2013/02/28
Nashua Western Cape	MP171SPFCHN-V4499204836	10%	0%	36 months	2013/02/28
Nashua Western Cape	MP1600SPFRA-L6806360527	10%	0%	36 months	2013/06/30

Refer to Appendix A for descriptions, maturity dates and effective interest rates of structured loans and finance.

## Assets pledged as security:

A bond is registered on the Town Hall of Ashton in favour of the Development Bank of South Africa as security for the following loans:

- Extension - Municipal Offices

- Vehicle Testing Station
- Paging

- Paving
   Electrification Industrial Area

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		2012 R	2011 R
	Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to Note 4.1 Long Service Awards - Refer to Note 4.2		36 939 296 5 096 187	30 851 800 4 258 046
	Total Non-current Employee Benefit Liabilities	_	42 035 483	35 109 846
	Post Retirement Benefits	_	2012 R	2011 R
	Balance 1 July		31 814 008	28 165 670
	Contribution for the year Interest Cost		1 792 516 2 719 881	1 412 903 2 554 745
	Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss		(918 132) 2 685 627	(939 241) 619 931
	Total post retirement benefits 30 June	_	38 093 900	31 814 008
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	_	(1 154 604)	(962 208)
	Balance 30 June	_	36 939 296	30 851 800
	Long Service Awards			
	Balance 1 July		4 853 520	4 016 492 495 974
	Contribution for the year Interest Cost		617 827 354 111	342 126
	Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss		(701 206) 383 965	(717 641) 716 569
	Total long service 30 June	_	5 508 217	4 853 520
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	_	(412 030)	(595 474)
	Balance 30 June	_	5 096 187	4 258 046
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPOLYEE BENEFITS			
	Balance 1 July Contribution for the year		36 667 528 2 410 343	32 182 162 1 908 877
	Interest cost		3 073 992	2 896 871
	Expenditure for the year Actuarial Loss		(1 619 338) 3 069 592	(1 656 882) 1 336 500
	Total employee benefits 30 June	_	43 602 117	36 667 528
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	_	(1 566 634)	(1 557 682)
	Balance 30 June	=	42 035 483	35 109 846
4.1	Post Retirement Benefits			
	The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as for	ollows:		
	In-service (employee) members		176	171
	In-service (employee) non-members		497	483
	Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans)	_	47	43
	Total Members	=	720	697
	The liability in respect of past service has been estimated to be as follows In-service members		21 696 401	18 509 610
	Continuation members		16 397 499	13 304 398
	Total Liability	_	38 093 900	31 814 008
	The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated			
	as follows:	2010	2009	2008
		R	R	R
	In-service members	15 153 335	12 079 972	11 288 336
	Continuation members	13 012 335	11 823 388	11 048 567
	Total Liability	28 165 670	23 903 360	22 336 903

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following medical aid schemes:

Bonitas; Hosmed LA Health Samwumed; and Key health.

Key	y actuarial assumptions used:	<b>2012</b> %	<b>2011</b> %	
i)	Rate of interest			
	Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate Net Effective Discount Rate	7.93% 6.94% 0.93%	8.68% 7.32% 1.26%	

#### ii) Mortality rates

The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age was used by the actuaries.

#### iii) Normal retirement age

It has been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 60, which then implicitly allows for expected rates of early and ill-health retirement.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:	2012 R	2011 R
Present value of fund obligations	38 093 900	31 814 008
Net liability/(asset)	38 093 900	31 814 008
The fund is wholly unfunded.		
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses	31 814 008 3 594 265	28 165 670 3 028 407
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid	1 792 516 2 719 881 (918 132)	1 412 903 2 554 745 (939 241)
Actuarial losses	2 685 627	619 931
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	38 093 900	31 814 008
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	(1 154 604)	(962 208)
Balance 30 June	36 939 296	30 851 800

#### Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability

Assumption	In-service members liability (Rm)	Continuation members liability (Rm)	Total liability (Rm)	% change
Central Assumptions	21.696	16.397	38.093	

The effect of movements in the assumptions are as follows:

Assumption	Change	In-service members liability (Rm)	members liability (Rm)	Total liability (Rm)	% change
Health care inflation	1%	26.193	18.148	44.341	16%
Health care inflation	-1%	18.145	14.874	33.019	-13%
Post-retirement mortality	-1 year	22.416	17.074	39.490	4%
Average retirement age	-1 year	23.507	16.397	39.904	5%
Withdrawal Rate	-50%	23.808	16.397	40.205	6%

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

2011

#### EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE) 4 2012

#### 4.2 Long Service Bonuses

The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans.			
As at year end, the following number of employees were eligible for Long Service Bonuses.	=	673	654
Key actuarial assumptions used:		2012 %	2011 %
i) Rate of interest			
Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses		6.49% 5.97% 0.49%	7.76% 6.27% 1.41%
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:		2012 R	2011 R
Present value of fund obligations		5 508 217	4 853 520
Net liability	_	5 508 217	4 853 520
·	=		
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows:			
	2010 R	2009 R	2008 R
Total Liability	4 016 492	3 633 984	3 443 004
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		2012 R	2011 R
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses		4 853 520 270 732	4 016 492 120 459
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid		617 827 354 111 (701 206)	495 974 342 126 (717 641)
Actuarial (gains)/losses	<u> </u>	383 965	716 569
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	_	5 508 217	4 853 520
<u>Less:</u> Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	_	(412 030)	(595 474)
Balance 30 June	_	5 096 187	4 258 046
Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability			
Assumption	Change	Liability (R)	% change
Central assumptions	· ·	5 508.22	4 854
General salary inflation General salary inflation	1.00% -1.00%	5 508.22 5 913 5 143	7% -7%
General salary inflation	1.00%	5 508.22 5 913	7%

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 4 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

#### 4.3 Retirement funds

The Municipality requested detailed employee and pensioner information as well as information on the Municipality's share of the Pension and Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The fund administrator confirmed that assets of the Pension and Retirement Funds are not split per participating employer. Therefore, the Municipality is unable to determine the value of the plan assets as defined in GRAP 25.

As part of the Municipality's process to value the defined benefit liabilities, the Municipality requested pensioner data from the fund administrator. The fund administrator claim that the pensioner data to be confidential and were not willing to share the information with the Municipality. Without detailed pensioner data the Municipality was unable to calculate a reliable estimate of the accrued liability in respect of pensioners who qualify for a defined benefit pension.

Therefore, although the Cape Joint Retirement Fund is a Multi Employer fund defined as defined benefit plan, it will be accounted for as defined contribution plan. All the required disclosure has been made as defined in GRAP 25.3'

CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND	Last Actuarial Valuation	Total Assets R'000	Total liabilities R'000	Contributing members
The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council.	June 2011	2 971 150	3 030 085	2

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The last actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2010 revealed that the fund is in an sound financial position with a funding level of 98.10% (30 June 2010 - 100%). Actuarial valuations also determined that there were a shortfall in the investment return for the 30 June 2011 financial year.

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance 103 369 81 402

Balance previously reported (Note 4) 68 219
Presentation correction 13 183 81 402

CAPE RETIREMENT FUND	Last Actuarial Valuation	Total Assets R'000	Total liabilities R'000	Contributing members	
The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council.	June 2011	9 330 837	9 303 159	521	

The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The last actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2010 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 116.9% (30 June 2010 - 100.3%).

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance 14 670 077 10 957 286

Balance previously reported (Note 4) 7 468 766
Presentation correction 3 488 519

10 957 286

3 959 527

#### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS

Council contribute to the Municipal Council Pension Fund, SALA Pension Fund and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.

	Last Actuarial Valuation	Total Assets R'000	Total liabilities R'000	Contributing members
South African Local Authorities Pension Fund	July 2010	7 110 300	7 417 900	34
Municipal Councillors Pension Fund	June 2006	1 731 055	1 731 055	-
SAMWU National Provident Fund	June 2007	2 764 426	2 764 426	123

Note: The results of the actuarial valuations dated 30 June 2008 for SAMWU National Provident Fund and 30 June 2009 for Municipal Councillors Pension Funds are not yet available.

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

 Sala Pension Fund
 1 034 388
 983 368

 Municipal Councillors Pension Fund
 5 575
 588 367

 SAMWU National Provident Fund
 2 595 532
 2 387 793

 3 635 496
 3 959 527

 Balance previously reported (Note 4)
 2 730 247

Presentation correction

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites  Total Non-current Provisions  The Municipality operate on four landfill sites. The in year actual operating financial position. The provision is calculated in order to finance the rehability of the capacity. The expected cash flow outflow; within one year; is related capacity and the cost is represented by the short-term portion of the non-	onal costs is expensed		4 270 710 4 270 710	3 958 481 3 958 481
- - - - - - -	The Municipality operate on four landfill sites. The in year actual operatifinancial position. The provision is calculated in order to finance the rehat 100% capacity. The expected cash flow outflow; within one year; is related	onal costs is expensed		4 270 710	3 958 481
1 0 0	financial position. The provision is calculated in order to finance the reha 100% capacity. The expected cash flow outflow; within one year; is related	onal costs is expensed			
[	operation are Montagu, Bonnievale and Ashtor	bilitation cost of each to the McGregor site,	site when it reaches which reached 100%		
(	<u>Landfill Sites</u>			2012 R	2011 R
	Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Expenditure incurred (Interest			4 441 096 200 054 162 021	3 954 428 331 776 154 891
	Total provision 30 June			4 803 171	4 441 096
-	Less: Transfer of Current Portion to Current Provisions - Note { Balance 30 June			(532 461) 4 270 710	(482 615) 3 958 481
	The estimated rehabilitation costs for each of the existing sites are based of the assumptions used are as follows:	n the current rates for	construction costs.		
		Montagu	Bonnivale	McGregor	Ashton
	Area (m²)	11 333	9 100	7 639	43 840
	Rehabilitation volume (m³) Fence (m)	10 540	6 643	7 639	40 552
•	Total Cost	877 061	691 054	495 313	2 990 326
	The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate landfill sites at the end of toost and estimated date of decommission of the sites are as follows:	the expected usefull life	e of the asset. Total		
I	Location	Estimated decommission date		Cost of rehabilitation	
•		<u></u>		2012 R	
	Montogu	2012		852 657	
	Montagu Bonnivale	2014		509 463	
	McGregor Ashton	2012 2012		532 461 2 908 590	
(	CONSUMER DEPOSITS				
1	Municipal services			6 079 482	5 571 077
•	Total Consumer Deposits			6 079 482	5 571 077
(	Guarantees held in lieu of Electricity and Water Deposits			2 313 674	2 363 301
-	The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Inter-	rest is not paid on these	e amounts.		
(	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS				
	Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 4			1 154 604	962 208
	Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 4 Staff Leave			412 030 6 674 356	595 474 6 361 801
	Performance Bonuses			681 796	642 719
	Bonuses TASK Evaluation			2 665 223	2 706 104
•	Total Current Employee Benefits			11 588 009	11 268 307
-	The movement in current employee benefits is reconciled as follows:				
÷	Staff Leave				
	Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion			6 361 801 2 138 710	6 027 149 726 390
	Expenditure incurred			(1 826 155)	(391 738)
I	Balance at end of year			6 674 356	6 361 801
	Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provis at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave. 1				
1	Performance Bonuses				
	Balance at beginning of year			642 719	423 197
	Contribution to current portion			574 152	811 997
(	Expenditure incurred			(535 075)	(592 476)

5

6

7

Performance bonuses are being paid to Municipal Manager and Directors after an evaluation of performance by the council. There is no possibility of reimbursement.

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

7	CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)	2012 R	2011 R
	Bonuses		
	Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred	2 706 104 5 307 500 (5 348 381)	2 606 917 5 935 106 (5 835 919)
	Balance at end of year	2 665 223	2 706 104
	Bonuses are being paid to all permanent employed municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represent the portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		
	TASK Evaluation		
	Balance at beginning of year	0	889 778
	Contribution to current portion  Expenditure incurred	-	(889 778)
		<del></del> -	
	Balance at end of year		0
	All eligible employees (excluding Municipal Manager, Section 57 Managers and contractual employees) have received remuneration based on the results of their job evaluation as per the TASK job evaluation system in terms of clause 7.2.6 of the collective agreement.		
8	PROVISIONS		
	SALA Pension Fund	1 470 110	1 243 363
	Cape Joint Pension Fund Current Portion of Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites - Note 5	552 777 532 461	505 370 482 615
	Total Provisions	2 555 348	2 231 348
	SALA Pension Fund		
	CHEAT CHOIGHT AND		
	Balance at beginning of year	1 243 363	956 670
	Expenditure incurred (Interest)	226 747	286 693
	Balance at end of year	1 470 110	1 243 363
	Cape Joint Pension Fund		
	Balance at beginning of year	505 370	468 952
	Expenditure incurred (Interest)	47 407	36 418
	Balance at end of year	552 777	505 370
9	PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
	Trada Davaklaa	28 256 086	32 292 294
	Trade Payables Payments received in advance	3 044 723	3 220 474
	Retentions and Guarantees	534 524	716 310
	Sundry Deposits	2 203 439	1 846 583
	Sundry Creditors	41 773	249 769
	Total Trade Payables	34 080 545	38 325 430
	Balance previously reported (Note 9)		37 868 490
	Correction of error on loan balances - Refer to note 39.3	_	456 940
		_	38 325 430

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value

Sundry deposits include hall, builders and other general deposits.

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

2012

2011

			2012	2011
10		UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	R	R
		Unspent Grants	6 989 484	8 463 004
		National Government Grants	1 720 321	3 006 028
		Provincial Government Grants District Municipality	4 249 106 1 020 058	4 436 918 1 020 058
		• •	0	3 304 716
		National Government Grants	1	1 804 716
		Provincial Government Grants District Municipality	0	1 500 000
		Total Conditional Grants and Receipts	6 989 484	5 158 288
		Reconciliation of total grants and receipts		
		Balance previously reported		2 012 717
		Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8		3 145 570
			-	5 158 288
		See appendix "D" for reconciliation of grants from other spheres of government. The municipality complied with the	=	0 100 200
		conditions attached to all grants received to the extent of revenue recognised. No grants were withheld.		
		Unspent grants can mainly be attributed to projects that are work in progress on the relevant financial year-ends.		
		Application was sent to National Treasury that the unspent grant at 30 June 2012 be taken up in the first adjustments		
		budget of 2012/2013 financial year.		
11		UNSPENT PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS		
		Silwer Strand Home Owners Association	62 849	62 849
		Total Unspent Public Contributions	62 849	62 849
		Reconciliation of public contributions		
		Reconciliation of public contributions		
		Silwer Strand Home Owners Association		
		Opening balance	62 849	235 526
		Contributions received		-
		Conditions met - Transferred to revenue		(172 677)
		Closing balance	62 849	62 849
		The Silwer Strand Home Owners Association had to make a contribution for the construction of infrastructure. The project is not yet complete.	•	
12		TAXES		
12		IAAES		
	12.1	VAT PAYABLE		
		VAT Payable	965 755	1 462 628
		VAT output in suspense	5 747 575	4 809 965
		Less: Impairment of VAT receivables	(2 982 591)	(2 722 865)
		Total Vat payable	3 730 739	3 549 728
	12.2	VAT RECEIVABLE		
		VAT input in suspense	2 959 433	11 455
		Total VAT receivable	2 959 433	11 455
		Total VIII Totalitatio		11 400
	12.3	NET VAT RECEIVABLE/(PAYABLE)	(771 305)	(3 538 272)
		VAT is receivable/payable on the cash basis.		
		Balance previously reported		3 903 591
		Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1	_	(353 864)
			=	3 549 728

#### 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13.1 30 JUNE 2012

1 30 JUNE 2012				Cost				Accumulated	I Depreciation	n and Impairn	nent Losses	
Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Opening Balance Original Cost	Opening Balance Residual Values	Additions Original Cost	Additions Residual Values	Disposals / Transfer Original Cost	Disposals / Transfer Residual Values	Closing Balance Cost	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals / Transfer	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	82 872 084	•	5 134 139	-	50 000	-	87 956 223	5 567 393	1 013 186	•	6 580 579	81 375 644
Land	52 784 077	-	-		50 000	-	52 734 077	-	-	-	-	52 734 077
Buildings	30 088 007	-	5 134 139		-	-	35 222 146	5 567 393	1 013 186	-	6 580 579	28 641 567
Infrastructure	324 996 746	•	22 660 386	-	3 232 170	-	344 424 961	73 505 820	9 595 622	66 657	83 034 786	261 390 176
Electricity	92 281 672	-	2 777 270		-	-	95 058 942	23 935 992	3 004 934	-	26 940 926	68 118 016
Housing	6 695 351	-	658 500		14 000	-	7 339 851	653 911	120 358	-	774 268	6 565 582
Roads	95 594 522	-	6 482 087		-	-	102 076 609	22 855 258	3 098 816	-	25 954 074	76 122 535
Sewerage	36 250 777	-	282 992		3 218 170	-	33 315 599	9 355 297	966 976	66 657	10 255 617	23 059 982
Waste Management	16 309 623	-	3 749 719		-	-	20 059 342	2 410 465	420 792	-	2 831 257	17 228 084
Water	75 147 396	_	1 832 736		_	-	76 980 132	14 294 897	1 983 746	_	16 278 643	60 701 489
Work in Progress	2 717 405	-	6 877 082		-	-	9 594 487	-	-	-	-	9 594 487
Community Assets	61 203 344	-	2 689 176	-	5 000	-	63 887 520	10 427 255	1 753 337	-	12 180 592	51 706 928
Airfield	154 684	-	98 036		-	-	252 720	11 390	8 530	-	19 920	232 800
Cemeteries	1 773 175	-	147 925		-	-	1 921 100	448 259	173 821	-	622 080	1 299 020
Clinics	5 593 337	_	-		_	-	5 593 337	789 671	55 183	-	844 854	4 748 483
Community halls	11 533 927	_	-		_	-	11 533 927	1 384 859	198 852	_	1 583 711	9 950 216
Fire, safety & emergency	761 145	_	-		_	_	761 145	155 233	37 219	_	192 452	568 692
Libraries	3 835 495	_	_		_	_	3 835 495	1 783 004	159 208	_	1 942 212	1 893 283
Museums & Art Galleries	1 551 136	_	4 105		_	_	1 555 241	155 622	15 858	_	171 480	1 383 761
Other	1 018 417	_	-		_	_	1 018 417	129 225	29 611	_	158 836	859 581
Parks & Gardens	11 486 659	_	185 886		5 000	_	11 667 545	1 014 547	232 232	_	1 246 779	10 420 766
Recreation facilities	1 993 311	_	-		-	_	1 993 311	1 017 408	90 233	_	1 107 641	885 670
Sport fields & stadia	13 673 021	_	2 001 002		_	_	15 674 023	2 459 399	631 281	_	3 090 680	12 583 343
Swimming pools	3 329 040	_	252 221				3 581 261	1 078 637	121 311		1 199 948	2 381 313
Work in Progress	4 500 000	_	202 221				4 500 000	1 070 037	121 311		1 133 340	4 500 000
Leased Assets	1 042 531						1 042 531	457 929	125 155		583 085	459 446
				•						•		
Office Equipment (Lease)	1 042 531	-	-		•	-	1 042 531	457 929	125 155	-	583 085	459 446
Heritage Assets	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-
Buildings	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	39 291 635	5 549 994	7 700 108	-	1 432 660	-	51 109 078	18 084 045	5 606 312	889 061	22 801 296	28 307 782
Computer hardware/equipment	4 814 368	-	1 687 007		215 662	-	6 285 713	2 513 336	882 101	143 958	3 251 479	3 034 234
Furniture & office equipment	3 533 703	-	2 382 327		25 875	-	5 890 155	1 361 781	526 678	18 583	1 869 876	4 020 279
General Vehicles	14 379 539	3 447 818	1 399 206		724 215	-	18 502 348	7 054 515	1 790 993	465 079	8 380 428	10 121 920
Other	923 041	66 424	12 631		210 781	-	791 316	325 891	72 704	33 416	365 178	426 137
Other Buildings	1 029 864	-	109 518		_	-	1 139 382	286 658	92 874	-	379 532	759 849
Specialised Vehicles	4 104 980	976 050	-		20 000	-	5 061 031	1 281 402	420 211	17 504	1 684 109	3 376 921
Plant & Equipment	10 506 141	1 059 701	2 109 419		236 127	-	13 439 134	5 260 461	1 820 752	210 521	6 870 692	6 568 441
	509 406 340	5 549 994	38 183 809		4 719 830		548 420 313	108 042 442	18 093 614	955 717	125 180 338	423 239 975

#### 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 13 30 JUNE 2011

3 30 JUNE 2011				Cost				Accumulated	d Depreciation	n and Impairr	nent Losses	
Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Opening Balance Original Cost	Opening Balance Residual Values	Additions Original Cost	Additions Residual Values	Disposals / Transfer Original Cost	Disposals / Transfer Residual Values	Closing Balance Cost	Opening Balance	Additions	Disposals / Transfer	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	83 699 699	•	3 116 385	-	3 944 000	-	82 872 084	6 198 727	699 461	1 330 795	5 567 393	77 304 691
Land	52 201 077	-	1 027 000	-	444 000	-	52 784 077	-	-	-	-	52 784 077
Buildings	31 498 621	-	2 089 385	-	3 500 000	-	30 088 007	6 198 727	699 461	1 330 795	5 567 393	24 520 614
Infrastructure	299 888 945	-	30 631 100	-	5 523 300	-	324 996 746	70 411 707	7 341 631	4 427 917	73 325 421	251 671 325
Electricity	82 586 549	-	9 695 123	-	-	-	92 281 672	22 263 962	1 672 030	-	23 935 992	68 345 680
Housing	12 217 551	-		-	5 522 200	-	6 695 351	4 834 343	246 454	4 426 886	653 911	6 041 440
Roads	88 834 558	-	6 759 964	-	-	-	95 594 522	20 125 712	2 729 546	-	22 855 258	72 739 264
Sewerage	35 675 406	-	575 371	-	-	-	36 250 777	8 463 807	891 490	-	9 355 297	26 895 480
Waste Management	15 423 454	-	886 168	-	-	-	16 309 623	1 866 480	363 586	-	2 230 066	14 079 557
Water	63 423 283	-	11 725 213	-	1 100	-	75 147 396	12 857 404	1 438 524	1 031	14 294 897	60 852 499
Work in Progress	1 728 144	-	989 261	-	-	-	2 717 405	-	-	-	-	2 717 405
Community Assets	55 944 778	-	7 309 472	-	2 050 905	-	61 203 344	9 503 139	1 241 541	317 424	10 427 255	50 776 089
Airfield	136 769	-	17 915	-	-	-	154 684	6 675	4 715	-	11 390	143 294
Cemeteries	1 420 268	-	352 907	-	-	-	1 773 175	362 073	86 186	-	448 259	1 324 916
Clinics	5 859 337	_	-	-	266 000	-	5 593 337	873 047	59 634	143 011	789 671	4 803 666
Community halls	11 122 995	_	410 931	-	-	-	11 533 927	1 264 447	120 412	-	1 384 859	10 149 068
Fire, safety & emergency	761 145	_	-	-	_	-	761 145	117 828	37 406	-	155 233	605 911
Libraries	3 755 080	_	80 414	-	_	-	3 835 495	1 632 733	150 271	-	1 783 004	2 052 490
Museums & Art Galleries	1 850 136	_	-	-	299 000	-	1 551 136	172 238	18 789	35 404	155 622	1 395 513
Other	2 364 323	_	_	_	1 345 905	_	1 018 417	225 491	42 744	139 010	129 225	889 192
Parks & Gardens	11 372 956	_	253 702	_	140 000	_	11 486 659	815 968	198 578	-	1 014 547	10 472 112
Recreation facilities	1 846 949	_	146 362	_	-	_	1 993 311	938 803	78 605	_	1 017 408	975 903
Sport fields & stadia	12 132 761	_	1 540 260	_	_	_	13 673 021	2 127 563	331 836	_	2 459 399	11 213 622
Swimming pools	3 322 059	_	6 981	_	_	_	3 329 040	966 272	112 366	_	1 078 637	2 250 402
Work in Progress	- 0 022 000	_	4 500 000	_	_	_	4 500 000	-	-	_	-	4 500 000
Leased Assets	1 042 531		+ 300 000				1 042 531	320 774	137 156		457 929	584 601
Office Equipment (Lease)	1 042 531						1 042 531	320 774	137 156		457 929	584 601
Heritage Assets	-	-	-		•		•	•	-		-	-
Buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	37 856 108	5 549 994	2 296 364	3 521	851 822	12 535	44 841 629	14 982 895	3 891 997	790 848	18 084 045	26 757 585
Computer hardware/equipment	4 621 422	-	511 608	-	318 663	-	4 814 368	2 100 218	707 206	294 088	2 513 336	2 301 032
Furniture & office equipment	3 135 864	-	432 672	-	34 833	-	3 533 703	983 138	410 037	31 395	1 361 781	2 171 922
General Vehicles	14 588 219	3 447 818	-	-	196 145	12 535	17 827 357	6 097 262	1 139 266	182 014	7 054 515	10 772 843
Other	913 620	66 424	5 900	3 521	-	-	989 465	258 956	66 934	-	325 891	663 574
Other Buildings	861 000	-	168 864	-	-	-	1 029 864	241 113	45 545	-	286 658	743 205
Specialised Vehicles	4 104 980	976 050	-	-	-	-	5 081 031	974 880	306 522	-	1 281 402	3 799 629
Plant & Equipment	9 631 003	1 059 701	1 177 320	-	302 182		11 565 842	4 327 327	1 216 486	283 352	5 260 461	6 305 380
	478 432 060	5 549 994	43 353 321	3 521	12 370 028	12 535	514 956 334	101 417 241	13 311 785	6 866 984	107 862 043	407 094 292

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUE)

Balance previously reported	405 949 468
Correction of error - Refer to note 39.4	1 144 823
	407 094 292

#### Assets pledged as security:

A bond is registered on the Town Hall of Ashton in favour of the Development Bank of South Africa as security for the following loans:
- Extension - Municipal Offices
- Vehicle Testing Station
- Paving
- Electrification - Industrial Area

13

Operating expenditure incurred on properties

Impairments were identified during the reporting period. Refer to Note 33.

14	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	2012 R	2011 R
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July	27 347 336	24 013 674
	Cost	28 880 905	24 102 000
	Under Construction Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairment	(1 533 569) -	(88 326) -
	Acquisitions Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment	(1 000) (50 869)	- - (5 829)
	Transfers to Inventory - cost Transfers to Inventory - accumulated depreciation Transfers Assets Held for Sale Transfers from Property, Plant and equipment - cost	(281 000)	(662 000) 46 660 5 440 905
	Transfers from Property, Plant and equipment - accumulated depreciation	-	(1 486 074)
	Net Carrying amount at 30 June	27 014 467	27 347 336
	Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairment	28 598 905 (1 584 438) -	28 880 905 (1 533 569) -
	There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.		
	There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.		
	Revenue derived from the rental of investment property	577 493	816 092

3 642 438

3 460 880

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

15	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2012 R	2011 R
	Computer Software Net Carrying amount at 1 July	876 532	966 377
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation Accumulated Impairment	2 256 440 (1 379 908)	1 757 226 (790 849)
	Acquisitions Amortisation Impairments	479 293 (740 998)	499 214 (589 060)
	Disposals  Net Carrying amount at 30 June	614 827	876 532
	Cost Accumulated Amortisation Accumulated Impairment	2 735 733 (2 120 906)	2 256 440 (1 379 908)
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5	-	864 355 12 177 876 532
	The following material intangible assets are included in the carrying value above	_	
	Remaining Amortisation Period Period	Carrying 2012 R	Value 2011 R
	Microsoft Office and Windows software 2	614 827	876 532
	No intangible asset was assessed having an indefinite useful life. There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date. There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted. There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities. There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.		
16	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST	2012 R	2011 R
16	CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST  Net Carrying amount at 1 July		
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation	R	R
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cosl	R 295 847 3 808 867	8 509 357 3 477 091
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cosl Disposals Depreciation for the year	295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020)	8 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734)
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals	R 295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020) - - 200 054	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 -
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year	R 295 847  3 808 867 (3 513 020)  200 054 (495 900)	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 - (545 286)
16	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cosl Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Accumulated Depreciation	R 295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020) - 200 054 - (495 900) 0 4 008 921	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 - (545 286) 295 847 3 808 867
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments	R 295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020) - 200 054 - (495 900) 0 4 008 921	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 - (545 286) 295 847 3 808 867
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year Impairment for the year Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments  NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS  Listed Investments	R 295 847  3 808 867 (3 513 020)  200 054 (495 900)  0 4 008 921 (4 008 921) - 9 653	R 509 357  3 477 091 (2 967 734)  - 331 776  (545 286)  295 847  3 808 867 (3 513 020)  - 7 441
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year Impairment for the year Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments  NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS  Listed Investments Unlisted Investments	R 295 847  3 808 867 (3 513 020)  - 200 054 - (495 900)  0 4 008 921 (4 008 921) - 9 653 41 896	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 (545 286) 295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020) - 7 441 48 914
	Net Carrying amount at 1 July Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments Acquisitions / Additions Under Construction - Cost Disposals Depreciation for the year Impairment for the year Impairment for the year Net Carrying amount at 30 June Cost Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Impairments  NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS  Listed Investments Unfisted Investments  Total Non-Current Investments  Balance previously reported	R 295 847  3 808 867 (3 513 020)  200 054 (495 900)  0  4 008 921 (4 008 921)  9 653 41 896 51 549	R 509 357 3 477 091 (2 967 734) - 331 776 (545 286) 295 847 3 808 867 (3 513 020) - 7 441 48 914 56 355

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

18	LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES	2012 R	2011 R
10	Provincial Government Housing Loans - At amortised cos	3 053 281	2 986 626
	Staff Study loans - At amortised cost Services connections - At amortised cost	35 144 697 492	0 625 683
	Land Sales - At amortised cost Short-term Installments	626 775 126 582	1 499 319 94 839
	Agreements with Consumer Debtors	9 742 612	9 748 583
	Less: Current portion transferred to current receivables	14 281 886 (2 167 412)	14 955 051 (1 209 421)
	Surface position during the desirable surface	12 114 474	13 745 629
	Less: Provision for Impairment	(10 325 857)	(11 247 903)
	Total Long Term Receivables HOUSING LOANS	1 788 616	2 497 727
	Balance previously reported		2 498 680
	Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1	-	(953) <b>2 497 727</b>
	The Provincial Government Housing Loans are receivable from various customers. When tested for impairment; management determined; that none of the financial assets are individually significant therefore impairment was performed on a group basis.		
	SERVICES CONNECTIONS		
	The Services connections are receivable from various customers. When tested for impairment; management determined; that none of the financial assets are individually significant therefore impairment was performed on a group basis.		
	LAND SALES		
	The Land sales are receivable from various customers. When tested for impairment; management determined; that none of the financial assets are individually significant therefore impairment was performed on a group basis.		
	AGREEMENTS WITH CONSUMER DEBTORS  The agreements with consumer debtors are receivable from various customers. When tested for impairment; management determined; that none of the financial assets are individually significant therefore impairment was performed on a group basis.		
	Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts	44.047.000	0.540.075
	Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision)	11 247 903 1 042 013	9 549 975 2 508 391
	Bad Debts Written Off	(1 964 059)	(810 463)
	Balance at end of year	10 325 857	11 247 903
	Balance previously reported  Change in accounting policy. Pefor to get 28.1		<b>11 246 950</b> 953
	Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1	-	11 247 903
19	NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE Land and Buildings	1 464 340	1 128 340
		1 464 340	1 128 340
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 40		<b>559 340</b> 569 000 <b>1 128 340</b>
		=	1 120 0 10
	The disposal group consists of residential and commercial sites throughout the entire Municipal area. It has been made available in public; the tender closed on the 08 June 2012.		
20	INVENTORY		
	Maintenance Materials - At cost	9 505 541	10 236 215
	Compost – at cost Water – at cost	58 840 79 503	61 575 65 274
	Total Inventory	9 643 884	10 363 065
	Balance previously reported		10 059 520
	Correction of error - Refer to note 39.7	-	303 545 10 363 065
	Consumable stores materials written down due to damages as identified during the annual stores count:	72 268	11 300 000
	Consumable stores materials surplusses identified during the annual stores counts	69 249	
	Inventory recognised as an expense during the yea	5 121 696	
	Write down of inventory to the lower of Cost or Net Realisable Value	112 182	

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	2012	2011
RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	R	R
Electricity Water	16 927 578 5 798 032	13 262 379 5 215 537
Refuse	2 811 464	2 246 670
Sewerage	3 580 952	2 844 033
Housing Rentals Prepaid Expenses	613 768 10 942 943	594 042 8 132
Other	1 624 799	1 280 505
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	42 299 536	25 451 299
Less: Provision for Impairment	(13 816 530)	(11 494 510)
Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions	28 483 006	13 956 789
Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1	-	17 075 591 (3 118 802) 13 956 789
Consumer Trade Receivables are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary	=	
Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions:		
(Electricity): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	14 032 090	11 068 919
31 - 60 Days	471 116	654 999
61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	347 838 2 076 535	232 866 1 305 595
—		
Total -	16 927 578	13 262 379
(Water): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	2 000 217	2 574 099
31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days	357 309 239 797	359 769 242 741
+ 90 Days	3 200 710	2 038 929
	5 798 032	5 215 537
<del>-</del>		0 2 1 0 0 0 1
(Refuse): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days)	861 268	801 377
31 - 60 Days	124 113	121 645
61 - 90 Days	103 420	94 174
+ 90 Days	1 722 664	1 229 474
Total	2 811 464	2 246 670
(Sewerage): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	1 061 194	975 403
31 - 60 Days	157 498	155 861
61 - 90 Days	131 726	118 821
+ 90 Days	2 230 534	1 593 948
Total =	3 580 952	2 844 033
(Other): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	11 398 683	285 735
31 - 60 Days	70 163	165 847
61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	71 115 1 641 547	25 833 1 405 263
<del>-</del>		
Total =	13 181 509	1 882 679
(Total): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days)	29 353 451	15 705 534
31 - 60 Days	1 180 198	1 458 120
61 - 90 Days	893 897	714 435
+ 90 Days	10 871 990	7 573 211
Total	42 299 536	25 451 299
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts	44 40 4 5 4 0	7.000.04-
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision)	11 494 510 3 086 194	7 202 649 4 291 861
Bad Debts Written Off	(764 175)	-
Balance at end of year	13 816 530	11 494 510
Balance previously reported		8 375 708
Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1	-	3 118 802 11 494 510
The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follows	-	
· ·	0.047.404	0.000.070
Electricity Water	3 617 461 3 582 573	2 823 976 3 377 466
Refuse	1 978 608	1 533 906
Sewerage	2 573 144	1 870 688
Other	2 064 745 13 816 530	1 888 474 11 494 510
<del>=</del>	10 0 10 000	11 737 310

21

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Child Fracewards   5.372 446	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	2012 R	2011 R
Availability changes Other Other Other Other Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions Lass: Provision for Impairment Lass:			4 847 527 4 748 537
Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	Accrued Interest	728 854	885 505
Common   C	, •		2 976 606 886 426
Balance previously reported Change in accounting poticy - Refer to note 38.1  Trade Receivables with a total outstanding balance of R 9 742 612 (2011 - R 9 748 583) have arranged to settle their account over a re-negotiated period. The total value have been deferred beyond 12 months after year end and subsequently includes a part of long farm Tack Receivables. Refer to note 18 for balances deferred beyond 12 months from year end and subsequently includes a part of long farm Tack Receivables. Refer to note 18 for balances deferred beyond 12 months from year end 24 pages of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions:  (Ratest Accience Current (0 - 30 days)  11 - 90 Days  12 239 915  14 274 188  2 98 190 Days  16 03 325  18 - 90 Days  19 0 Days  10 0 D			<b>9 596 064</b> (6 063 412)
Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1   38   323	Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	3 962 306	3 532 652
Trade Receivables with a total outstanding balance of R 9 742 612 (2011 - R 9 748 583) have arranged to settle their account over a re-regolisate period. The total value have been deferred beyond 12 months after year end and subsequently included as part of roap term Tade Receivables. Refer to note 18 for balances deferred beyond 12 months from year enc Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions:  (Batest: Austica Committed Committed State of State			3 930 999 (398 347 3 532 652
Ratesia: Auderiag	account over a re-negotiated period. The total value have been deferred beyond 12 months after year end and subsequently included as part of long term Trade Receivables. Refer to note 18 for balances deferred beyond 12 months from year enc	•	
2239 915   153   160 Days   180 296   180 29			
131 - 60 Days		2 239 915	1 545 618
161-90 Days			148 313
Total 6893 255 488  Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts Balance at beginning of year 6 603 412 588 494 51 588 51 58	61 - 90 Days	180 236	166 267
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision (Reversal of provision) Balance at end of year Balance at end of year Balance at end of year Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality is historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, meagement believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality is trade receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset) Balance on 1 July 32 641  1 1  Movement during the year 4 278 1 1  Balance on 30 June 36 919 3 3  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 463 022 31  1 to 5 Years 326 802 33 802 34 803 35 804 36 805 36 806 37 89 824 68 8  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined form contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits Any One	+ 90 Days	4 274 186	2 987 328
Balance at heginning of year Concentration to provision/(Reversal of provision) Balance at end of year Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset) Balance on 1 July 32 641  1 1  Movement during the year 4 2778  1 28 Balance on 30 June 4 the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 1 to 5 Years 326 802 33 More than 5 Years 7 89 824  66 Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits Bank Accounts Call Pressments Deposits Robert Call Pressments Requirements Robert Call Pressments Requirements Robert Call Pressments Requirements Robert Call Pressments Requirements Robert Robert Robert Region Robert Rob	Total	6 893 255	4 847 527
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to prevision/(Reversal of provision) Balance at end of year Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.  Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality is rade receivables.  Department Question of the provided for collection losses is inherent unity and the provided for collection losses is inherent during the year 4.278 1  Balance on 30 June 32.641 1  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset)  Balance on 30 June 32.641 1  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 463 022 31  1.0 5 Years 326 802 33  Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  Total Operating Lease Arrangements 788.24  Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income witch has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 7	Pagangiliation of Provision for Bad Dahte		
Contribution to provision(Reversal of provision) Balance at end of year  Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection bases is inherent in the municipality's rade receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset) Balance on 1 July 32 641  Movement during the year  Balance on 30 June At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year  1 to 5 Years 326 802  38 More than 5 Years  Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income was determined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits  Bank Accounts 3 906 756 18 06  Balance privational and Cash Equivalents - Assets 773 915 183 88 06  Liabilities  Primary Bank Account		6 063 412	5 296 235
Balance at end of year  Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's rate receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset)  Balance on 1 July  32 641  1 Movement during the year  Balance on 30 June  36 919  3 At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year  1 to 5 Years  326 802  35 More than 5 Years  Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported  Correction of error. Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income was determined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits  Bank Accounts  70 000 000  70 000  28 000  70 000	Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision)	894 948	1 561 950
Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1  Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset)  Balance on 1 July  32 641  1 Movement during the year  4 2778  1 Balance on 30 June  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year  1 to 5 Years  326 802  38 More than 5 Years  Total Operating Lesse Arrangements  Balance previously reported  Concrection of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits  70 000 000  70 000  20 000  70 000  21 000  23 000  24 000  25 000  26 000  27 000 000  28 000  29 000  20 000			6 063 412
Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.  OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS  The Municipality as Lessor (Asset)  Balance on 1 July  32 641  4 278  1  Balance on 30 June  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year  1 to 5 Years  326 802  36  More than 5 Years  Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits  70 000 000  70 000  Bank Accounts  3 906 756  18 06  Cash Floats  73 915 183  88 06  Llabilities  Primary Bank Account	Balance previously reported		5 665 065
customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality as Lessor (Asset)  Balance on 1 July 32 641 1  Movement during the year 4278 1  Balance on 30 June 36 919 3  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 463 022 31 1 to 5 Years 326 802 36 More than 5 Years 276 824 66 8  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 000 804 7	Change in accounting policy - Refer to note 38.1		398 347 <b>6 063 412</b>
Balance on 1 July Movement during the year  Balance on 30 June 36 919 3 At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 463 022 31 10 5 Years 326 802 38 More than 5 Years 769 824 65  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5 This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income. The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 00 2ash Floats 73 915 183 88 06  Liabilities Primary Bank Account	customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.		
Balance on 1 July         32 641         1           Movement during the year         4 278         1           Balance on 30 June         36 919         3           At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:         463 022         31           Up to 1 Year         463 022         32         36           More than 5 Years         2         326 802         38           More than 5 Years         -         -         -           Total Operating Lease Arrangements         789 824         65           Balance previously reported         3         3         3           Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5         3         3           This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.         3         3           The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         70 000 000         70 00           Assets         Call Investments Deposits         70 000 000         70 00         3           Cash Floats         3 906 756         18 06         18 06           Cash Floats         73 915 183			
Movement during the year 4 278 1  Balance on 30 June 36 919 3  At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year 463 022 31 10 5 Years 326 802 3		22 641	14 425
Balance on 30 June At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		18 216
At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows:  Up to 1 Year			32 641
Up to 1 Year 463 022 31 1 to 5 Years 326 802 36 More than 5 Years - Total Operating Lease Arrangements 789 824 69  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5 This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income. The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Cash Floats 70 000 000 70 000 Bank Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 88 06  Liabilities Primary Bank Account		30 9 19	32 041
1 to 5 Years More than 5 Years Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 00 Bank Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 88 06  Liabilities Primary Bank Account			
More than 5 Years  Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 00 Bank Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 88 06 Cash Floats 75 Cash Accounts 75 Cash A	Up to 1 Year	463 022	314 472
Total Operating Lease Arrangements  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 00 and Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 88 06 Cash Floats 75 Cash Floats		326 802	383 175
Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets  Call Investments Deposits  70 000 000 70 00 Bank Accounts  Cash Floats  73 915 183  88 06  Liabilities  Primary Bank Account  -   -   -   3  Assets  73 915 183			
Correction of error - Refer to note 39.5  This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 000 Bank Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 8 427  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 73 915 183 88 06  Liabilities Primary Bank Account	Total Operating Lease Arrangements	789 824	697 647
This lease income was determined from contracts that have a specific conditional income. It does not include lease income which has a undetermined conditional income.  The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  Assets Call Investments Deposits 70 000 000 70 00 and Accounts 3 906 756 18 06 Cash Floats 8 427  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 73 915 183 88 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 88 06 Cash Floats 73 915 183 73 915 183 88 06 Cash Floats 75 915 915 915 915 915 915 915 915 915 91			<b>31 109</b> 1 531
The leases are in respect of land and buildings being leased out for periods ranging until 2014.         CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         Assets         Call Investments Deposits       70 000 000       70 00         Bank Accounts       3 906 756       18 06         Cash Floats       8 427       7         Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets       73 915 183       88 06         Liabilities       -       -         Primary Bank Account       -       -		•	32 641
Assets   Call Investments Deposits   70,000,000   70,00			
Call Investments Deposits         70 000 000         70 00           Bank Accounts         3 906 756         18 06           Cash Floats         8 427         7           Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets         73 915 183         88 06           Liabilities         -         -           Primary Bank Account         -         -	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Bank Accounts         3 906 756         18 06           Cash Floats         8 427         7           Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets         73 915 183         88 06           Liabilities         -         -           Primary Bank Account         -         -	Assets		
Cash Floats         8 427           Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets         73 915 183         88 06           Liabilities         -         -           Primary Bank Account         -         -	·		70 000 000
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 73 915 183 88 06  Liabilities Primary Bank Account -			18 061 147 8 217
Liabilities Primary Bank Account			88 069 364
Primary Bank Account			
· ——		-	_
Total Gash and Gash Equivalents - Liabilities -	·		
	i otai Gasii aliu Gasii Equivaleriis - Liabiiitles	<del></del>	<u> </u>

22

23

24

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 24 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUE)

25

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash heid and short term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.

The Municipality do not have a bank overdraft facility. Management did not deem it necessary

The municipality has the following bank accounts:

The municipality has the follow	ing bank accounts:	2042	2044
Current Accounts		2012 R	2011 R
Primary Bank account Traffic bank account		3 904 456 2 300	18 058 847 2 300
		3 906 756	18 061 147
Traffic account is cleared daily	to Primary Bank Account.		
Primary Bank account	Montagu ABSA - Account Number 1050 000 008		
Cash book balance at beginning Cash book balance at end of your cash book balance at end of your cash book balance at end of your cash book balance at beginning the cash balance at beginning the cash book balance at b		18 058 847 3 904 456	2 273 224 18 058 847
Bank statement balance at beg		10 285 753	2 363 202
Bank statement balance at end	l or year	3 671 466	10 285 753
Traffic bank account	Montagu ABSA - Account Number 406 272 8351		
Cash book balance at beginnin Cash book balance at end of y		2 300 2 300	850 2 300
Bank statement balance at beg		2 300	850
Bank statement balance at end	of year	1 400	2 300
Call Investment Deposits			
Call investment deposits consist	st of the following accounts		
ABSA Investec	Account Number 20 72488246 Account Number 458195	15 000 000 25 000 000	30 000 000
Nedbank	Account Number 03/7881034971/000008	-	20 000 000
Standard Bank	Account Number 288467698	70 000 000	20 000 000 70 000 000
PROPERTY RATES			
<u>Actual</u>			
Rateable Land and Buildings		34 782 852	31 178 062
Residential, Commercial Prope	orty, State	34 782 852	31 178 062
Less: Rebates		(6 833 202)	(7 351 494)
Total Assessment Rates		27 949 649	23 826 569
Valuations Rateable Land and Buildings			
Residential		4 265 248 464	2 362 445 000
Agricultural		4 865 388 010	2 382 662 130
Government Business & Commercial		240 320 315 1 575 498 956	110 955 000 1 062 168 000
Municipal		394 976 614	196 163 100
Exempt Properties		195 108 304	25 172 000
Total Assessment Rates Valuations on land and building	gs are performed every four years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2011.	11 536 540 663	6 139 565 230
Rates:			
Residential		0.0040c/R	0.0067c/R
Commercial, Industrial & Gove	rnment	0.0059c/R	0.0102c/R
Public Benefit Organisations Agricultural		0.0010c/R 0.0008c/R	0.0016c/R 0.0013c/R
Rates are levied annually and	is payable by the 7th of October. Interest is levied at the prime rate on outstanding defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has way of rebate or remission.		3.00 TOUR

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES	2012 R	2011 R
	Unconditional Grants	45 172 000	41 768 661
	Equitable Share	45 172 000	41 768 661
	Conditional Grants	30 813 029	39 238 485
	Grants and donations	1 288 090	1 782 475
	Subsidies	29 524 940	37 456 010
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	75 985 029	81 007 146
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capita Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	16 274 360 59 710 669	17 256 275 63 750 871
		75 985 029	81 007 146
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 40.1		83 311 893 (2 304 747)
	Controlled to the Treatment of the Treat	-	81 007 146
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants	=	
	Revenue recognised per vote as required by Section 123 (c) of the MFMJ		
	Equitable share	45 172 000	41 768 661
	Executive & Council	798 087	432 024
	Budget & Treasury Corporate Services	1 907 649 26 275	4 435 129 -
	Planning & Development	294	5 849 479
	Health Community & Social Services	9 332 368	797 136
	Housing Public Safety	5 618 217	17 001 616
	Sport & Recreation	-	
	Environmental Protection Waste Management	3 749 719	1 158 921 275 979
	Waste Water Management	4 813 607	(405 404)
	Road Transport Water	187 000 3 816 950	82 000 7 749 430
	Electricity	562 862	1 862 174
	-	75 985 029	81 007 146
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants		
26.1	Equitable share Opening balance	-	-
	Grants received	45 172 000	41 768 661
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(45 172 000)	(41 768 661)
	Conditions still to be met		-
	The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury		
26.2	Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Opening balance Grants received	213 467 1 250 000	101 980 1 000 000
	Conditions met - Operating	(1 165 775)	(888 514)
	Conditions met - Capital	(297 692)	-
	Conditions still to be met	0	213 467
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).		
26.3	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant		
	Opening balance Grants received	75 945 790 000	394 471 750 000
	Conditions met - Operating	(604 550)	(1 068 526)
	Conditions met - Capital	(261 395)	75.045
	0 - 420		75 945
	Conditions still to be met  The MSIG was used for hulding in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and		
	Conditions still to be met  The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.		
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)		
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance	2 430 636	
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014)	7 745 000 (1 032 480
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital Conditions to be met	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital  Conditions to be met  The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831) <b>2 430 636</b>
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital Conditions to be met	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831) <b>2 430 636</b> (1 663 334) 4 093 970
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital  Conditions met - Capital  The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.  Balance previously reported	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831) <b>2 430 636</b> (1 663 334) 4 093 970
26.4	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital  Conditions met - Capital  The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409) 802 213	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831 2 430 636 (1 663 334 4 093 970 2 430 636
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital Conditions to be met The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas. Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831 2 430 636 (1 663 334 4 093 970 2 430 636
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital  Conditions to be met  The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.6  Housing Grants Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409) 802 213 3 581 840 4 400 928 (5 467 600)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831 2 430 636 (1 663 334 4 093 970 2 430 636 (9 165 865 29 750 687 (16 993 223
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital Conditions to be met The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas. Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.6  Housing Grants Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409) 802 213 3 581 840 4 400 928 (5 467 600) (200 432)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831) <b>2 430 636</b> (1 663 334 4 093 970 <b>2 430 636</b> (9 165 865 29 750 687 (16 993 223 (9 760)
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)  Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital  Conditions to be met  The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas.  Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.£  Housing Grants Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions to be met	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409) 802 213 3 581 840 4 400 928 (5 467 600)	7 745 000 (1 032 480 (6 755 831) 2 430 636 (1 663 334 4 093 970 2 430 636 (9 165 865 29 750 687 (16 993 223 (9 760) 3 581 840
	The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.  Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital Conditions to be met The grant was used to upgrade infrastructure in previously disadvantaged areas. Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 39.6  Housing Grants Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	2 430 636 15 149 000 (2 060 014) (14 717 409) 802 213 3 581 840 4 400 928 (5 467 600) (200 432)	2 473 947 7 745 000 (1 032 480) (6 755 831) 2 430 636 (1 663 334) 4 093 970 2 430 636 (9 165 865) 29 750 687 (16 993 223) (9 760) 3 581 840 3 588 913 (7 073)

26

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

26	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUE)	2012 R	2011 R
26.	5 Integrated National Electrification Grant Opening balance	(1 804 716)	(24 105)
	Grants received	`3 000 000′	`90 000′
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(47 730) (515 132)	(229 724) (1 640 887)
	Conditions to be met	632 422	(1 804 716)
	Balance previously reported		(2 807)
	Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8		(1 801 909)
	The National Electrication Occasions and for destrict account of the second of the sec	;	(1 804 716)
	The National Electrification Grant was used for electrical connections in previously disadvantaged areas.		
26.		(0.404.454)	5 000 400
	Opening balance Grants received	(2 484 454) 8 054 298	5 638 106 4 801 727
	Conditions met - Operating	(5 193 000)	(2 624 282)
	Conditions met - Capital	(282 300)	(10 300 006)
	Conditions to be met	94 543	(2 484 454)
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8		(199 466) (2 284 988)
		•	(2 484 454)
	Various grants were received from other spheres of government (e.g. Library fund and Skills Development Grant)	:	
26.	Total Grants Opening balance	548 793	259 358
	Grants received	77 816 226	85 906 075
	Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	(59 710 669) (16 274 360)	(65 459 948) (20 156 693)
	Conditions to be met	2 379 990	548 793
	Disclosed as follows:	6 989 484	0.462.004
	Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	(0)	8 463 004 (3 304 716)
		6 989 484	5 158 288
	Balance previously reported		2 012 717
	Correction of error - Refer to note 39.8		3 145 570
		,	5 158 288
27	SERVICE CHARGES		
	Electricity	217 753 384	178 867 700
	Water	24 484 285	27 288 868
	Refuse removal	13 983 691 17 881 722	13 004 125
	Sewerage and Sanitation Charges	274 103 082	16 617 737 235 778 430
	Less: Rebates	(20 980 914)	(18 029 264)
	Total Service Charges	253 122 168	217 749 166
	Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission		
28	OTHER INCOME		
		2 610 916	2 250 027
	Availability fees Building plans	2 619 815 523 172	2 258 027 564 380
	Bulk service levies Cemeteries	780 695 250 786	1 571 185 227 886
	Commission	145 698	122 159
	Connection fees Fair Value Adjustments	1 721 884	1 605 316
	Fire brigade fees Insurance claims	36 543 6 056 382	58 767 328 365
	Photo copies Planning application fees	64 154 140 897	53 200 327 841
	Re-connection fees	183 972	374 006
	Valuation certificates Sundry income	101 312 3 341 356	49 510 3 223 652
	Total Other Income	15 966 666	10 764 294
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 40.3		<b>10 765 417</b> (1 123)
		•	10 764 294
	Sundry income represents sundry income such as cleaning of sites, private work and fees for	•	
	items not included under service charges.		

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS	2012 R	2011 R
Salaries and Wages	66 942 346	63 994 744
Bonus	5 934 294	6 029 46
Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids	16 157 460	15 546 69
Group Life Insurance	364 990	363 90
Housing Subsidy	548 585	531 53
Leave Reserve Fund	2 138 835	726 39
Long service awards	618 118	495 97
Overtime	5 002 675	4 141 59
Post Employment Health	1 821 938	1 412 93
Travel, motor car, telephone, assistance and other allowances	8 852 879	8 355 21
Less: Employee Costs allocated elsewhere	108 382 119	101 598 452
Total Employee Related Costs	108 382 119	101 598 45
KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
Municipal Manager is appointed on a 5-year and all other Directors on a 5-year fixed contract. There are no pos		
employment or termination benefits payable to them at the end of the contract period.		
REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL		
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager: Mr M A Mokweni		
Annual Remuneration	795 798	741 020
Performance Bonuses	138 204	137 20
Car Allowance	108 000	108 000
Other Allowances	100 568	86 12
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	173 030	157 806
Total	1 315 599	1 230 147
Remuneration of the Director Infrastructure Development : Mr J de K Jooste	570 500	500.070
Annual Remuneration	570 502	529 079
Performance Bonuses	105 832	113 819
Car Allowance Other Allowances	156 869 35 489	156 869 31 899
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	175 102	164 089
Total	1 043 794	995 755
Remuneration of the Director Corporate Services: Mr A W J Everson	242.445	507.07
Annual Remuneration	613 115	567 672
Performance Bonuses	105 832	113 819
Car Allowance	131 568	131 568
Other Allowances	63 160	59 060
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	141 169	131 28
Total	1 054 845	1 003 400
Remuneration of the Director Financial Services: Mr C F Hoffman	504.445	450.000
Annual Remuneration Performance Bonuses	501 415	456 000 113 819
	105 832	
Car Allowance	128 222	128 222
Other Allowances	215 754	197 91:
Contributions to LUE Medical Passian Funda and Passiaina Council	97 890	108 78
	4 040 445	
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council  Total	1 049 115	1 004 740
Total  Remuneration of the Director Community Services: Mr M J Mhlom (01 July 2011 to 30 November 2011)	<del></del> ;	
Total  Remuneration of the Director Community Services: Mr M J Mhlom (01 July 2011 to 30 November 2011)  Annual Remuneration	340 590	538 42
Total  Remuneration of the Director Community Services: Mr M J Mhlom (01 July 2011 to 30 November 2011)  Annual Remuneration  Performance Bonuses	340 590 79 374	538 429 113 819
Total  Remuneration of the Director Community Services: Mr M J Mhlom (01 July 2011 to 30 November 2011)  Annual Remuneration Performance Bonuses Car Allowance	340 590 79 374 77 711	538 429 113 819 133 219
Total  Remuneration of the Director Community Services: Mr M J Mhlom (01 July 2011 to 30 November 2011)  Annual Remuneration Performance Bonuses Car Allowance Other Allowances	340 590 79 374 77 711 159 730	538 425 113 815 133 215 108 45
	340 590 79 374 77 711	538 425 113 815 133 215 108 457 114 737

29

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Deputy Mayor   404 776   59eaker   509 125   4	11 264 13 782 10 398 18 175 9 410 13 <b>028</b> 18 391 18 543 11 950 18 <b>883</b>
Deputy Mayor   404 776   59eaker   509 125   4	33 782 30 398 88 175 9 410 33 <b>028</b> 88 391 88 543 11 950
Mayoral Committee Members   1744 967   29   3 110 004   27	8 175 9 410 33 028 98 391 98 543 91 950
Councillors   3 110 004   2.7	88 391 88 543 61 950
In-kind Benefits The Executive Mayor; Mayoral committee members and the Speaker are full-time Councillors. The full time councillors are provided with secretarial support and an office at the cost of the Council.  31 DEBT IMPAIRMENT  Long term Receivables - Note 18 Trade Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 21 3 086 194 4 0 Trade Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 22 894 948 15 Total Contribution to Debt Impairment 5 023 155 81  Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3  DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION Property Plant and Equipment Capitalised Restoration Cost Investment Property Investment Property Investment Property Intangible Assets 19 381 380 14 4  33 IMPAIRMENTS	98 391 98 543 11 950
The Executive Mayor; Mayoral committee members and the Speaker are full-time Councillors. The full time councillors are provided with secretarial support and an office at the cost of the Council.  31 DEBT IMPAIRMENT  Long term Receivables - Note 18 Trade Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 21 Trade Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 22 894 948 15 Total Contribution to Debt Impairment 5023 155 81  Balance previously reported Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3  DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION  Property Plant and Equipment Capitalised Restoration Cost Investment Property 50 869 Intangible Assets 19 381 380  IMPAIRMENTS	68 543 61 950
Long term Receivables - Note 18   1 042 013   2.5     Trade Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 21   3 086 194   4 0     Trade Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 22   894 948   1.5     Total Contribution to Debt Impairment   5 023 155   8.1     Balance previously reported   4.9     Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3   3.1     8.1     32   DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION     Property Plant and Equipment   18 093 613   13 3     Capitalised Restoration Cost   495 900   5     Investment Property   50 869     Intangible Assets   740 998   5     19 381 380   14 4     33   IMPAIRMENTS   18   19 381 380   14 4     34   35   18   19 381 380   14 4     35   18   18   19 381 380   14 4     36   18   18   18   18     Capitalised Restoration Cost   740 998   5     Capitalised Restoration Cost   740 998	68 543 61 950
Trade Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 21   3 086 194   4 0	68 543 61 950
Trade Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 22   894 948   1.5     Total Contribution to Debt Impairment   5 023 155   8.1     Balance previously reported   4.9     Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3   3.1     81     32   DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION	1 950
Total Contribution to Debt Impairment   5 023 155   8 1	8 883
Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3   3 1   81	
Change in accounting policy and correction of errors - Refer to the following notes 3   3 1   81	4 645
Property Plant and Equipment       18 093 613       13 3         Capitalised Restoration Cost       495 900       5         Investment Property       50 869       740 998       5         Intangible Assets       740 998       5         19 381 380       14 4	4 238 8 883
Capitalised Restoration Cost Investment Property Intangible Assets         495 900 5 5 869 1 5 5 869 1 5 5 869 1 5 5 869 1 5 5 5 869 1 5 5 5 869 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	
Investment Property   50 869   114 998   5   12 38 1 380   14 4   13   13   18   18   18   18   18   18	1 785 5 286
19 381 380 14 4 33 IMPAIRMENTS	5 829
33 IMPAIRMENTS	9 060
	1 960
Descrit, Diot 9 Faviores	
Property Plant & Equipment 3770 043	<u> </u>
34 FINANCE CHARGES	
	6 418
	4 891 2 126
Long-term Liabilities 3 802 812 4 8	1 655
	4 745
Total finance charges 7 056 410 7 9	9 836
Balance previously reported 7 9 Correction of error - Refer to note 40.5	<b>178</b> (343)
79	9 836
35 BULK PURCHASES	
·	7 700
	2 890
Total Bulk Purchases	50 590
36 GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES	
Destitute Grants 73 500	-
Total Grants and Subsidies 73 500	<u> </u>
Operating grant expenditure per vote	
Executive & Council - Budget & Treasury -	-
Corporate Servicés - Planning & Development -	-
Health -	-
Community & Social Services - Housing -	
Public Safety - Sport & Recreation -	-
Environmental Protection 73 500	-
Waste Management - Waste Water Management -	-
Road Transport - Water -	
Electricity - 73 500	
	-

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		2012	2011
37	GENERAL EXPENSES	R	R
	Advertisement Cost	769 567	339 413
	Audit fees	1 709 875	1 530 065
	Bank charges	843 585	598 740
	Bursaries - Internal	119 593	244 881
	Cell phone	689 967	633 125
	Chemicals	4 785 407	3 408 871
	Computer services	1 123 312	1 355 668
	Connections	615 911	372 406
	Data lines	1 502 288	1 290 333
	Delegation Fees	284 810	168 310
	Development Projects	425 627	391 854
	Fuel	5 440 313	3 556 193
	Insurance (Premiums & Claims cost)	1 356 311	1 399 081
	IoD Insurance	1 059 328	1 085 281
	Membership fees	843 179	522 495
	Municipal Services Charges	10 025	22 018
	Postage	670 311	740 288
	Poverty Alleviation Projects	2 055 352	2 706 714
	Printing & Stationary	1 015 211	941 299
	Professional Services	1 212 738	1 585 741
	Protective Clothing	524 529	355 689
	Refuse bags	562 288	571 185
	Rehabilitation	753 775	494 086
	Skills Development Levy	934 656	895 688
	Subsidy New Electrical connections	-	-
	Tourism Marketing	817 591	743 454
	Training cost	862 348	729 281
	Transfer cost	162 894	331 488
	Valuation cost	475 346	1 453 685
	Other	4 106 285	3 174 754
	General Expenses	35 732 422	31 642 086
	Balance previously reported		31 432 311
	Correction of error - Refer to note 40.6		209 775
		- -	31 642 086

#### 38 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY IN TERMS OF GRAP 3

#### 38.1 PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT

The municipality implemented GRAP 104 on Financial Instruments. Each individual financial asset was assessed for the recoverability thereof. The implementation was done retrospectively and restated for 30 June 2011. It was impracticable to do the retrospective application back to 01 July 2010 as required by GRAP due that the debtor reports run back dated to 30 June 2010 do not balance back to the debtor control accounts.

## LONG TERM RECEIVABLES

Balance previously reported Provision for impairment	2 498 680 (953) 2 497 727
RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	
Balance previously reported Provision for impairment	17 075 591 (3 118 802) 13 956 789
RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTION	
Balance previously reported Provision for impairment	3 930 999 (398 347) 3 532 652
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT ON LONG TERM RECEIVABLES	
Balance previously reported Contribution Debt Impairment	11 246 950 953 11 247 903

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

## PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Balance previously reported	8 375 708
Contribution Debt Impairment	3 118 802
	11 494 510
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENTRECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTION	
Balance previously reported	5 665 065
Contribution Debt Impairment	398 347
	6 063 412
DEBT IMPAIRMENT	
Balance previously reported	4 974 645
Contribution Debt Impairment	(3 164 238)
·	1 810 407
TAXES	
Balance previously reported	3 903 591
Impairment VAT on Trade Receivables	(353 864)
	3 549 728

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 39 CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3

Liability raised in respect of payment to Compensation Fund

#### 39.1 NET ASSETS

33.1	NET AGGETG	
	Balance previously reported Correction of Error 01 July 2010 Correction of Error 30 June 2011	29 207 935 (792 823) 17 111 380 45 526 492
	Correction of Balance on the Capital Replacement Reserve. In the previous year the full capital expenditure was reduced against the CRR instead of just the assets funded out of the CRR.	
39.2	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
	Balance previously reported  Correction of loan balances - Refer to note 3	37 327 237 343 37 327 579
	Correcting interest allocation of loans effecting the long-term liabilities.	
39.3	PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	
	Balance previously reported Shown as Payables from exchange transactions - Refer to note 9	<b>37 868 490</b> 456 940
		38 325 430

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

39.4	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	
	Balance previously reported First time identification and measurement of assets 2009/2010 Transfer to Intangible Assets 2009/2010 Transfer to Intangible Assets Accumulated Depreciation 2010/2011 Transfer to Intangible Assets 2010/2011 First time identification and measurement of assets 2010/2011 Correction of error - Refer to note 13	405 949 468 130 000 (17 100) 6 829 (1 906) 1 027 000 407 094 292
39.5	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	
	Balance previously reported First time identification and measurement of assets Correction of error - Refer to note 15	864 355 12 177 876 532
	First time identification and measurement of assets	
39.6	NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 17	<b>7 441</b> 48 914
	First time identification and recognition of KWV shares	56 355
39.7	INVENTORY	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 20	<b>10 059 520</b> 303 545
	First time identification and recognition inventory	10 363 065
39.8	UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 10	<b>6 450 286</b> (3 145 570)
	Overstatement of Grant money due to municipality	3 304 716
39.9	OPERATING LEASE ASSET	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 23	<b>31 109</b> 1 531
	Correction on Balance	32 641
40	NON CURRENT HELD FOR SALE	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 19	<b>559 340</b> 569 000
	First time identification and recognition of assets.	1 128 340
40.1	TRANSFER REVENUE	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 26	<b>83 311 893</b> (2 304 747)
	Revenue from National and Provincial Department incorrectly recorded and overstated.	81 007 146
40.2	REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE TRANSATIONS	
	RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT	
	Balance previously reported Correction Operating Leases	<b>1 568 990</b> (350)
	Revenue from National and Provincial Department incorrectly recorded and overstated.	1 568 640
40.3	OTHER INCOME	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 28	<b>10 765 417</b> (1 123)
	Correction on the Fair Value Price of the KWV Shares	10 764 294

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

6 593

40.4	REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE	
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note 39.7	<b>10 543 421</b> (303 391)
	First time identification and recognition inventory	10 240 030
40.5	FINANCE CHARGES	
	Balance previously reported  Correction of loan balances - Refer to note 3	<b>7 920 178</b> (343)
	Correcting interest allocation of loans effecting the long-term liabilities.	7 919 836
40.6	GENERAL EXPENSES	
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to note 37	31 432 311 209 775 31 642 086
	Recognition accrual for Compensation Commissioner and Adjustment for Chemicals purchased which was not used in 2010/2011.	31 042 000
40.7	FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS	
	Balance previously reported  Correction of error - Refer to note Fair Value Adjustments	6 593

Correction on the Fair Value Price of the KWV Shares

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

		2012	2011
41	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED/(ABSORBED) BY OPERATIONS	R	R
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	15 777 369	15 686 467
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation/Amortisation	19 381 381	14 451 960
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipmen	49 613	1 569 504
	(Gains) on disposal of property, plant and equipmen Impairment Loss	3 770 043	(168 655)
	Impairment (Reversals)	-	-
	Contributions to Non-Current Provisions	5 646 356	4 960 639
	Debt Impairment	3 059 097	7 551 739
	Actuarial Losses	3 069 592	1 336 500
	Actuarial (Gains) Unamortised discount	69 436	81 229
	Bad debt written-off	581 361	(794 772)
	Finance charges	(29 348)	470 806
	Operating lease income accrued	(4 278)	(18 216)
	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) before changes in working capital	51 370 621	45 127 202
	Changes in working capital	(25 014 282)	12 569 599
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables from exchange transactions	(4 244 885)	9 914 300
	Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	274 154	323 111
	Increase/(Decrease) in Employee benefits	(1 308 587)	(1 893 299)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	(1 473 519)	(2 507 159)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Unspent Public Contributions	(0.700.007)	(172 677)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Taxes (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory	(2 766 967) 719 181	1 110 517 256 116
	(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions	(19 518 375)	(1 867 398)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	3 304 716	7 406 088
	Cash generated/(absorbed) by operations	26 356 339	57 696 801
	oasii generateui(ausoriueu) by operations	20 330 333	37 030 001
42	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:		
	Call Investments Deposits - Note 24	70 000 000	70 000 000
	Cash Floats - Note 24	8 427	8 217
	Bank - Note 24	3 906 756	18 061 147
	Total cash and cash equivalents	73 915 183	88 069 364
43	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 42	73 915 183	88 069 364
	Investments - Note 17	51 549	56 355
		73 966 732	88 125 720
	Less:	10 720 223	12 012 731
		1	8 463 004
	Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 10 VAT - Note 12	6 989 484 3 730 739	3 549 728
	Resources available for working capital requirements Allocated to:	63 246 509	76 112 989
	Capital Replacement Reserve	45 000 000	45 526 492
	Employee Benefits Reserve	12 742 613	12 230 515
	Non-Current Provisions Reserve	4 270 710	3 958 481
	Resources available for working capital requirements	1 233 186	14 397 501
44	UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECONCILIATION		
	Long-term Liabilities - Note 3	38 533 273	41 667 271
	Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cost	(38 533 273)	(41 667 271)
	Cash set aside for the repayment of long-term liabilities	-	-
	Cash invested for repayment of long-term liabilities		

Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 45 BUDGET COMPARISONS

45.1

BUDGET COMPARISONS				
	2012	2012	2012	2012
	R (Actual)	R (Budget)	R (Variance)	(%)
Operational	(Actual)	(Budget)	(variance)	(70)
The same of the sa				
Revenue by source	07.010.010	05.000.040	0.550.007	100/
Property Rates	27 949 649	25 389 812	2 559 837	10%
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	16 274 360		16 274 360	100%
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	59 710 669	89 521 639	(29 810 970)	-33%
Public Contributions and Donations	120 000	350 000	(230 000)	-66%
Gain on Foreign Exchange Transaction	4 005 000	2 027 402	(4.004.002)	0%
Fines	1 835 260	3 037 163	(1 201 903)	-40%
Service Charges	253 122 168	263 468 173	(10 346 005)	-4%
Rental of Facilities and Equipment	1 658 546	1 508 131	150 415	10%
Interest Earned - external investments	5 042 189	7 970 000	(2 927 811)	-37%
Interest Earned - outstanding debtors	1 513 318	1 700 000	(186 682)	-11%
Licences and Permits	1 261 437	1 210 341	51 096	4%
Agency Services	1 814 479	1 100 000	714 479	65%
Other Income	15 966 666	10 997 649	4 969 017	45%
Unamortised Discount - Interest	52 658	-	52 658	100%
Gain on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		-		0%
	386 321 399	406 252 908	(19 931 509)	0%
Expenditure by nature			,	
Employee related costs	108 382 119	114 362 126	(5 980 007)	-5%
Remuneration of Councillors	6 420 162	6 430 336	(10 174)	0%
Debt Impairment	5 023 155	6 375 073	(1 351 918)	-21%
Depreciation and Amortisation	19 381 380	30 950 741	(11 569 361)	-37%
Collection costs	959 455	1 000 000	(40 545)	-4%
Impairments	3 770 043	-	3 770 043	100%
Repairs and Maintenance	11 920 235	12 655 849	(735 614)	-6%
Actuarial losses	3 069 592	-	3 069 592	100%
Unamortised Discount - Interest paid	122 093	-	122 093	100%
Finance Charges	7 056 410	8 573 197	(1 516 787)	-18%
Bulk Purchases	160 291 452	169 048 215	(8 756 763)	-5%
Contracted services	1 105 252	2 283 375	(1 178 123)	-52%
Grants and Subsidies	73 500	73 500		0%
Stock Adjustments	184 451		184 451	100%
Operating Grant Expenditure	6 997 889	14 751 704	(7 753 815)	-53%
General Expenses	35 732 422	38 265 032	(2 532 610)	-7%
Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	49 613	800 000	(750 387)	-94%
Fair Value Adjustments	4 807	-	4 807	100%
	370 544 030	405 569 148	(35 025 118)	-9%
Net Surplus for the year	15 777 369	683 760	15 093 609	2207%

The budget amount above differs from the approved adjustment budget due to interdepartmental charges and Municipal services included as revenue in the approved budget.

The under realisation of Service charges is linked to the Municipal service charges and the change in the accounting treatment of subsidies to indigent households as income forgone.

		R	R	R	
		(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(%)
45.2	Expenditure by Vote				
	Community services	58 480 641	57 181 602	1 299 039	2%
	Corporate services	11 701 874	13 302 242	(1 600 368)	-12%
	Executive & Council	27 440 432	31 721 874	(4 281 442)	-13%
	Finance	25 264 862	24 349 154	915 708	4%
	Housing	8 537 254	23 514 621	(14 977 367)	-64%
	Infrastructure Development	239 118 967	255 499 655	(16 380 688)	-6%
		370 544 030	405 569 148	(35 025 118)	-9%

2012

2012

2012

2012

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

5	BUDGET COMPARISONS (CONTINUE)				
	,	2012	2012	2012	2012
		R	R	R	
		(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(%)
45.3	Capital expenditure by vote				
	Community services	9 504 3	53 9 960 583	(456 230)	-5%
	Corporate services	5 748 9		(4 051 091)	-41%
	Executive & Council	2 969 6		(233 342)	-7%
	Finance	1 554 0		294 085	23%
	Housing	2 355 1		(2 082 112)	-47%
	Infrastructure Development	16 530 8		(6 547 685)	-28%
	·	38 663 1	02 51 739 477	(13 076 375)	-25%
•	UNAUTHORISED INDECLUAR EDUCATION AND WA	OTEFUL EXPENDITURE DIGALLO		2012	2011
6	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WA	STEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOV	VED	2012 R	2011 R
46.1	Unauthorised expenditure			ĸ	ĸ
40.1	<u> </u>				
	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:				
	Opening balance			11 600 891	-
	Unauthorised expenditure for the year - capital			294 085	-
	Unauthorised expenditure for the year - operating			915 708	11 600 891
	Written off by council			(11 600 891)	-
	Transfer to receivables for recovery			-	-
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation		_	1 209 794	11 600 891
	Unauthorised expenditure on the capital is mainly attribu	<u> </u>			
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceed	eaings		
	Over expenditure on approved operational and capital budget.	Report to Council			
	саркаг buuget.	Report to Council			
				2012	2011
46.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure			R	R
	None.				
	None.				
46.3	Irregular expenditure				
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:				
	Opening balance			241 875	1 443 035
	Irregular expenditure for the year			241075	241 875
	Written off by council			(241 875)	(1 443 035)
	Transfer to receivables for recovery			(241 073)	(1 443 033)
	Irregular expenditure awaiting further action		-		241 875
		Dia siuliu ama atau alauiusiu - Luurus		-	
	Incident Ageement with Dr.J Rodegra in Foreign currency Sect	Disciplinary steps/criminal proces	eaings		
	163 of MFMA	Report to Council		_	241 875
	100 OI IVII IVIA	1		-	241073
			-		241 875
			=		2370

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	46.4	Material	2042	2044
	46.4	Material Losses Water distribution losses	2012	2011
		- Kilo litres disinfected/purified/purchased	7 948 000	7 628 220
		- Kilo litres lost during distribution	991 840	960 585
		- Percentage lost during distribution	12.48%	12.59%
		Electricity distribution losses	000 000 044	298 185 654
		Units purchased (Kwh)     Units lost during distribution (Kwh)	298 939 914 24 745 305	18 467 742
		- Percentage lost during distribution	8.28%	6.19%
47		ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT	2012 R	2011 R
	47.1	Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS		
		Opening balance	- 839 743	- 519 371
		Council subscriptions Amount paid - current year	(839 743)	(519 371)
		Amount paid - previous years	<u> </u>	
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	-	-
	47.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]		
		Opening balance	-	-
		Current year audit fee	1 709 875	1 530 066
		External Audit - Auditor-General Audit Committee	1 689 436 20 439	1 179 319 350 747
		Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous year	(1 450 900)	(1 530 066)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	258 975	
	47.3	VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]	1.005.450	(0.500.000)
		Opening balance Amounts received - current year	1 935 150 36 461 821	(2 598 286) 32 237 528
		Amounts received - previous years Amounts claimed - current year	(1 935 150) (30 393 886)	2 598 286 (30 302 378)
		Closing balance - Receivable	6 067 935	1 935 150
		Vat in suspense due to cash basis of accounting		
		Input VAT	2 959 433	11 455
		Output VAT	(5 747 575)	(4 809 965)
		Receivable	(2 788 142)	(4 798 510)
		VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors.		
	47.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]		
		Opening balance	_	_
		Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions	13 535 950	10 668 228
		Amount paid - current year	(13 535 950)	(10 668 228)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	<u> </u>	
	47.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - IMFMA 125 (1)(b)]		
		Opening balance	-	-
		Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions  Amount paid - current year	15 262 717 (15 262 717)	14 614 534 (14 614 534)
		Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	(10 202 7 11)	-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 47 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINUE)

#### 47.6 Councillor's arrear consumer accounts - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)]

The following Councillors had arrear accounts for more than 90 days as at 30 June:

	2012 R Outstanding	2011 R Outstanding	
	more than 90 days	more than 90 days	
DE KOKER, TS	-	10 963	
CROUWCAMP, NP	-	21 424	
HULL, DA (R R & P B HULL)	-	5 148	
R JOHNSON	149	-	
Total Councillor Arrear Consumer Accounts	149	37 535	

## 47.7 Disclosures in terms of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations - Promulgated by Govenment Gazette 27636 dated 30 May 2005

#### Regulation 36(2) - Details of deviations approved by the Accounting Officer in terms of Regulation 36 (1)(a) and (b)

				Type of o	leviation
	Amount	Single Supplier	Impossible	Impractical	Emergency
July	1 129 784	46	-	24	15
August	213 707	12	-	10	12
September	1 245 767	14	-	16	1
October	1 058 260	14	-	53	9
November	1 619 500	18	-	34	16
December	478 830	2	-	12	9
January	425 813	4	-	28	18
February	1 109 567	17	-	43	17
March	1 453 668	10	-	37	9
April	1 028 677	10	-	32	9
May	1 443 555	13	-	35	27
June	1 153 835	8	-	17	16
	12 360 963	168	-	341	158

#### Regulation 45 - Details of awards made to close family members of persons in service of State

Name of supplier	Member of company who has relationship with person in the service of the state	Relationship to person in the service of the state	Name of person in the service of the state	Employer and capacity of person in service of the state	Value of transactions
Liemens	L Liemens	Spouse	O. Liemenrs	Langeberg Municipality	R 63 280
Armature Winders Cc	M E van Jaarsveld	Child	ZF. van Jaarsveld	Department of Correctional Services	R 39 210
TMM Management	M J Mgoqi	Father/Mother	N. Mgoqi	Langeberg Municipality	R 11 820
Lumber Lawn	R Visser	Spouse	J. van Zyl	Western Cape Education Department	R 40 488
Annadale Motors	D Wagner	Spouse	E. Wagner	Langeberg Municipality	R 17 566

## Regulation 45 - Details of awards made to persons who has been in the service of the State during the previous 12 months:

Name of supplier	Name of person in service of the state	Position occupied in company	Last day in service of the state	Employer and capacity of person	Value of transactions
Ismael Towing	Mr C Ismael	Owner		Councillor Breede Valley Municipality	R 3 135

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 47.8 Other non-compliance (MFMA 125(2)(e))

Non-compliance to the Supply Chain Management Regulations were identified in terms of Regulation 44 as detailed below:

Name of supplier	Name of person in service of the state	Position occupied in company	Employer and capacity of person	Value of transactions
Nashua Mobile	D Mazibuko		National Department of Art and Culture	R 149 127

Other non-compliance issues were identified as detailed below:

Requirement	Relevant Legislation	Non-compliance
The Accounting Officer must submit by no later than 10 working days after the	MFMA Sec. 71(1)	The Section 71 reports for July 2011,
end of each month, to the Mayor and the relevant Provincial Treasury a		August 2011 and September 2011 were
statement on the state of the municipality's budget		not submitted on time.

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	2012 R	2011 R
Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:		
Approved and contracted for:	700 000	13 161 367
Infrastructure	700 000	4 411 367
Community	-	8 500 000
Other	-	250 000
Approved but not yet contracted for	49 012 040	70 400 017
Infrastructure	41 157 040	54 012 949
Community	0	2 100 000
Other	7 855 000	14 287 068
Total	49 712 040	83 561 384
This expenditure will be financed from:		
External Loans		
Capital Replacement Reserve	31 399 750	29 207 935
Government Grants Other Grants	18 312 290	51 003 449 3 350 000
Total	49 712 040	83 561 384

#### 49 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

48

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality did engage in one foreign currency transaction. The risk is low due to the value of the transaction.

#### (b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follow:

363 054 474 000 (181 527) (237 000)

1% (2011 - 0.5%) Increase in interest rates 0.5% (2011 - 0.5%) Decrease in interest rates

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 49 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUE)

2012

2011

#### (d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Receivables are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade Trade Receivables comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these Trade Receivables. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other Trade Receivables is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of Trade Receivables and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer Trade Receivables the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of Trade Receivables whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

The credit quanty of receivables are further assessed by grouping individual Trade Receivables into different categories with similar risk profiles. The categories include the following: Bad Debt, Deceased, Good payers, Slow Payers, Government Departments, Trade Receivables with Arrangements, Indigents, Municipal Workers, Handed over to Attorneys and Untraceable account. These categories are then impaired on a group basis based on the risk profile/credit quality associated with the group.

Balances past due not impaired:

	2012 %	2012 R	2011 %	2011 R
Non-Exchange Receivables Rates and other receivables	100.00%	3 962 306	100.00%	3 532 652
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	40.02%	11 398 431	52%	7 272 722
Water	13.71%	3 904 189	20%	2 860 056
Refuse	6.65%	1 893 140	9%	1 232 011
Sewerage	8.47%	2 411 286	11%	1 559 589
Other	31.16%	8 875 960	7%	1 032 409
	100.00%	28 483 006	100.00%	13 956 789

No receivables are pledged as security for financial liabilities.

Due to the short term nature of receivables the carrying value disclosed in note 21 and 22 of the financial statements is an approximation of its fair value. Interest on overdue balances are included at prime lending rate plus 1% where applicable.

The provision for bad debts could be allocated between the different classes of Trade Receivables as follows:

	2012 %	2012 R	2011 %	2011 R
Non-Exchange Receivables Rates and other receivables	100.00%	8 303 896	100.00%	6 063 412
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	40.02%	5 529 148	52.11%	5 989 657
Water	13.71%	1 893 843	20.49%	2 355 481
Refuse	6.65%	918 324	8.83%	1 014 658
Sewerage	8.47%	1 169 666	11.17%	1 284 444
Other	31.16%	4 305 548.64	7.40%	850 270
	100.00%	13 816 530	100%	11 494 510

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### 49 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUE)

Bad debts written off per debtor class:	<b>2012</b> %	2012 R	2011 %	2011 R
Non-Exchange Receivables Rates	100.00%	1 345 536	100.00%	(794 772)
Exchange Receivables				
Electricity	40.02%	(305 810)	52.11%	1 283 065
Water	13.71%	(104 746)	20.49%	504 576
Refuse	6.65%	(50 791)	8.83%	217 353
Sewerage	8.47%	(64 693)	11.17%	275 145
Other	31.16%	(238 134)	7.40%	182 139
	100.00%	(764 175)	100.00%	2 462 278

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. No cash and cash equivalents were pledged as security for financial liabilities and no restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there are no expectations of counter party default.

Long-term Receivables and Other Trade Receivables are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment.

	2012	2011
Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:	R	R
Long term receivables	3 956 028	3 707 148
Receivables from exchange transactions	28 483 006	13 956 789
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	5 372 946	4 748 537
Cash and Cash Equivalents	73 915 183	88 069 364
Non-Current Investments	51 549	56 355
Unpaid conditional grants and subsidies	0	3 304 716
	111 778 713	113 842 910

#### (e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

2012	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities	7 073 896	24 771 975	19 428 201	9 289 032
Capital repayments Interest	3 481 455 3 592 441	12 371 075 12 400 900	13 633 003 5 795 198	9 063 319 225 713
Trade and Other Payables Unspent conditional government grants and receipts Cash and Cash Equivalents	30 501 299 6 989 484	-	-	
	44 564 679	24 771 975	19 428 201	9 289 032

## NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUE)

49

50

50.1

At amortised cost

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years	
2011	,	,	.,		
Long Term liabilities	7 048 330	25 985 734	27 338 957	7 433 179	
Capital repayments Interest	3 390 561 3 657 769	13 584 834 12 400 900	21 543 759 5 795 198	7 207 466 225 713	
Trade and Other Payables Unspent conditional government grants and receipts Cash and Cash Equivalents	34 388 646 8 463 004	-	-	-	
	49 899 979	25 985 734	27 338 957	7 433 179	
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				2012 R	2011 R
In accordance with GRAP 104 the financial instruments of	of the municipality ar	e classified as follows:			
The fair value of financial instruments approximates the a	amortised costs as re	eflected bellow.			
Financial Assets	Classification				
Investments					
Fixed Deposits	Financial instrumer	nts at amortised cost		-	-
Long-term Receivables					
Provincial Government Housing Loans - At amortised cos	st			3 053 281 35 144	2 986 626 0
Staff Study loans - At amortised cost Services connections - At amortised cost				697 492	625 683
Land Sales - At amortised cost				626 775	1 499 319
Short-term Installments				126 582	94 839
Agreements with Consumer Debtors				9 742 612	9 748 583
Receivables					
Receivables from exchange transactions		nts at amortised cost		28 483 006	13 956 789
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	Financiai instrumer	nts at amortised cost		5 372 946	4 748 537
Other Receivables					
Government Subsidies and Grants	Financial instrumer	nts at amortised cost		0	3 304 716
Short-term Investment Deposits					
Call Deposits	Financial instrumer	nts at amortised cost		70 000 000	70 000 000
Bank Balances and Cash					
Bank Balances		nts at amortised cost		3 906 756	18 061 147
Cash Floats and Advances	Financial instrumer	nts at amortised cost		8 427	8 217
			:	122 053 021	125 034 457
SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Financial instruments at amortised cost				122 053 021	125 034 457

122 053 021

125 034 457

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

50		FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUE)		2012	2011
5	50.2	Financial Liability	Classification		
		Long-term Liabilities			
		Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost	35 051 819	38 264 422
		Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost	0	12 288
		Payables from exchange transactions			
		Trade Payables	Financial instruments at amortised cost	28 256 086	32 292 294
		Retentions and Guarantees	Financial instruments at amortised cost	534 524	716 310
		Sundry Deposits	Financial instruments at amortised cost	2 203 439	1 846 583
		Sundry Creditors	Financial instruments at amortised cost	41 773	249 769
		Other Payables			
		Government Subsidies and Grants	Financial instruments at amortised cost	6 989 484	8 463 004
		Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities			
		Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost	3 469 166	3 326 410
		Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost	12 288	64 151
			_	76 558 580	85 235 231
		SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY	_		
		SUMMART OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY			
		Financial instruments at amortised cost	<u>-</u>	76 558 580	85 235 231
51		EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE			
		On the 7th of August 2012 the municipality sufferer	d flood damage which caused damage to the Sewerage and		
		Electricity Infrastrucure.		4 504 364	
			=	1 584 364	
52		IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE			
		The municipality did not receive any in-kind donations	or assistance during the year under review.		
53		PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS			
		Council has not entered into any private public partner	ships during the financial year.		
54		CONTINGENT LIABILITY			
		Claim against Council	-	<u> </u>	1 392 236
		2012			
		Association over the implementation of the TASK wage result in a back pay to employees. The matter is current	Allied Trade Union and the South African Local Governmen e curve, which if the union is successfull in the application will titly under review in the Labour Court. s (Pty) Ltd was settled in 2012 and the municipality paid the		
		2011			
		The Municipality is currently engaged in litigation which the claimant is successful in their action. The following	could result in damages/costs being awarded against Council if g is the estimate exposure:		
		Vethu Projecto / Nuroho Ei C			1 200 026
		Yethu Projects / Nurcha Finance Company	<del>-</del>	<del></del> -	1 392 236
			_	<u> </u>	1 392 236

The Municipality is defending the claim. The company is under liquidation. During the 2009/2010 year a dispute arose between the municipality and a contractor (Yethu Projects (Pty) Ltd) regarding non performance in terms of the contract for the construction of low cost houses. As a result of this dispute the contractor issued a final payment certificate for R909 919 (incl. VAT). The municipality conducted its own inspection of the construction project and determined that the actual amount outstanding was R663 736 (incl. VAT) and made payment to the contractor. This payment was rejected by the contractor and the cheque was returned to the municipality. In turn the contractor then lodged a claim for an amount of R2 091 894 plus interest thereon at prime plus 0.2% via its attorneys. The amount of R 663 736 (incl. VAT) is included as an amount payable from exchange transactions. The amount indicated is Management's estimated financial exposure.

The legal matters with regard to SALA and the Cape Joint Pension Fund was included as provisions last year and was adjusted with the interest exposure.

#### NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

CONTINGENT ASSET 2012 2011

On 13 June 2012 the municipality suffered losses and damage to property as a result of a public protest that was lear by the South African National Civics Organisation. The municipality instituted legal action against the South African National Civics Organisation. The value of the claim as at 30 June 2012 was R 5 524 971

5 524 970

#### 55 RELATED PARTIES

Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.

The rates, service charges and other charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

#### 55.1 Related Party Loans

Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior management employees are not permitted. Loans granted prior to this date are disclosed in note 18 to the Annual Financial Statements

#### 55.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel is set out in note 29 to the Annual Financial Statements.

#### 55.3 Other related party transactions

No purchases were made during the year where Councillors or staff have an interest.

# APPENDIX A - Unaudited LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

EXTERNAL LOANS	Rate	Loan	Redeemable	Balance	Correction	Balance	Received	Adjustments	Interest	Redeemed or	Balance at 30
		Number		at 30 JUNE 2011		at 30 JUNE 2011 Restated	during the period		portion payable at period end	written off during the period	JUNE 2012
ANNUITY LOANS											
DBSA	10.00%	10287/102	2016/03/31	127 772	_	127 772	_	3 108	2 611	20 300	106 975
DBSA	12.00%	10287/202	2015/09/30	19 012	_	19 012	_	552	455	3 306	15 609
DBSA	15.00%	10422/102	2018/03/31	599 870	_	599 870	_	21 625	19 765	51 216	546 795
DBSA	14.00%	10422/203	2018/09/30	357 170	_	357 170	_	12 046	11 086	28 355	327 855
DBSA	16.00%	11124/103	2019/06/30	1 358 769	_	1 358 769	_	12010	-	92 693	1 266 076
DBSA	16.50%	11174/102	2018/12/31	458 411		458 411				34 307	424 104
DBSA	15.75%	11192/101	2018/12/31	3 886 080		3 886 080				299 017	3 587 063
DBSA (Loan Fund)	13.22%	11328/101	2014/06/30	31 551	_	31 551	_		_	9 195	22 357
DBSA (Public Debt Commissioner)	13.30%	12349/101	2014/00/30	119 788		119 788				77 266	42 522
DBSA (Public Debt Commissioner)	13.75%	12350/101	2012/12/31	334 897		334 897			-	97 069	237 828
DBSA (Loan Fund)	16.15%	12351/101	2014/00/30	334 037		334 031	_		-	37 003	237 020
DBSA (Loan Fund)	16.15%	12351/101	2011/06/30	-	_	-	_		_	-	-
DBSA (Loan Fund)		13341/102		2 240 047	-	2 240 047	-		-	100.070	3 025 175
DBSA	16.50% 7.43%	13452/102	2019/12/31 2020/06/30	3 218 047 1 035 557	-	3 218 047 1 035 557	_		-	192 872 115 062	920 495
DBSA	7.43%	13452/301		1 316 099	-	1 316 099	-		-	154 835	1 161 264
		13586/101	2019/12/31		-		_		-		
DBSA	8.72%	13760/101	2020/12/31	441 841	-	441 841	-		-	46 510	395 331
DBSA	8.25%		2020/12/31	2 010 770	-	2 010 770	-		-	211 660	1 799 110
DBSA	8.25%	99999/1	2024/12/31	863 765	-	863 765	-		-	63 983	799 783
Cogmanskloof Irrigation Board (C B R)	45 400/	F00	2017/07/31	37 686	-	37 686	-		-	-	37 686
Pensionfund	15.10%	E39	2012/12/31	324 920	-	324 920	-		-		324 920
ABSA Bank	15.25%	209/12	2012/12/31	8 265	-	8 265	-		-	5 304	2 961
DBSA	7.17%	102290/1	2027/03/31	25 040 560		25 040 560	-	439 761	413 828	1 537 550	23 477 077
Total Annuity Loans				41 590 831		41 590 831		477 093	447 745	3 040 499	38 520 985
LEASE LIABILITY											
MINOLTA	0	B211 - 4104488	31/12/2010	0	_	0	-		-	-	0
MINOLTA	0	B211 - 4104501	31/12/2010	0	-	0	-		-	-	
MINOLTA	0	B211 - 4107719	31/08/2011	1 772	-	1 772	-		-	1 772	0
MINOLTA	0	B350 - 21219171 B350 - 21216750	31/01/2012 31/08/2011	8 301 2 913	-	8 301 2 913	-		-	8 301 2 913	-0
MINOLTA MINOLTA	0	B350 - 21216757	31/08/2011	2 913	-	2 913				2 913	-0
MINOLTA	0	B350 - 21216779	31/09/2011	4 357	-	4 357	-		-	4 357	0
MINOLTA	0	B350 - 21216775	31/08/2011	2 913	-	2 913	-		-	2 913	0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0
MINOLTA	0	B350 - 21216816	31/08/2011	2 414	-	2 414	-		-	2 414	-0
MINOLTA	0	C253 - E041003232	31/10/2011	11 218	-	11 218	-		-	11 218	-0 -0
MINOLTA NASHUA	0	B920 - 57GL00831 V 4499204836	31/08/2011 28/02/2013	13 330 7 249	]	13 330 7 249			-	13 330 4 204	3 045
NASHUA	0	V 4499204844	28/02/2013	7 249	_	7 249	-			4 204	3 045
NASHUA	0	L 6806360527 VC5330 - 332271598	2010-2013	11 810	-	11 810	-		-	5 612	6 199
Total Lease Liabilities			2012 2010	76 440	-	76 440	-			64 151	12 288
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				41 667 271	-	41 667 271		477 093	447 745	3 104 650	38 533 273

# APPENDIX B - Unaudited LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY

## SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2011	2011	2011		2012 Actual	2012	2012
Actual Income	Actual Expenditure	Surplus/ (Deficit)		Income	Actual Expenditure	Surplus/ (Deficit)
		` _ ′			· _	` _ ′
R	R	R		R	R	R
18 000 705	(48 789 590)	(30 788 885)	Community services	29 065 463	(58 480 641)	(29 415 177)
1 593 609	(10 909 444)	(9 315 835)	Corporate services	1 028 557	(11 701 874)	(10 673 317)
7 861 730	(25 638 761)	(17 777 031)	Executive & Council	1 761 170	(27 440 432)	(25 679 262)
71 655 722	(22 697 245)	48 958 477	Finance	83 435 094	(25 264 862)	58 170 231
17 593 596	(21 300 575)	(3 706 979)	Housing	6 074 199	(8 537 254)	(2 463 055)
230 102 122	(201 785 403)	28 316 719	Infrastructure Development	264 956 916	(239 118 967)	25 837 949
346 807 484	(331 121 017)	15 686 467	Sub Total	386 321 399	(370 544 030)	15 777 369
-	-	-		-	-	-
346 807 484	(331 121 017)	15 686 467	Total	386 321 399	(370 544 030)	15 777 369
				_		_

# APPENDIX C - Unaudited LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

2011 Actual Income R	2011 Actual Expenditure R	2011 Surplus/ (Deficit) R		2012 Actual Income R	2012 Actual Expenditure R	2012 Surplus/ (Deficit) R
1 838 469 71 655 722 2 140 909 6 944 783 - 1 426 718 17 593 596 5 193 335 154 929 1 334 781 9 890 943 11 725 719 119 214 33 887 979 182 900 388	(25 826 710) (18 692 356) (15 858 817) (4 655 732) - (9 748 955) (21 300 575) (11 557 111) (1 867 293) (11 212 571) (14 403 660) (11 848 074) (12 625 107) (23 919 244) (147 604 814)	52 963 365 (13 717 907) 2 289 051 - (8 322 238) (3 706 979) (6 363 776) (1 712 363) (9 877 790) (4 512 718) (122 354) (12 505 893) 9 968 736 35 295 574	Budget & Treasury Corporate Services Planning & Development Health Community & Social Services Housing Public Safety Sport & Recreation Environmental Protection Waste Management Waste Water Management Road Transport Water Electricity	2 155 667 83 408 819 1 274 244 694 352 9 920 281 6 074 199 5 002 074 200 502 158 720 13 783 887 17 482 632 202 026 28 730 337 217 233 660	(28 074 047) (21 106 167) (16 656 537) (4 719 124) - (11 015 435) (8 537 254) (12 418 708) (2 221 522) (13 405 112) (19 419 865) (11 149 742) (14 618 717) (27 866 960) (179 334 841)	62 302 652 (15 382 293) (4 024 773) - (1 095 153) (2 463 055) (7 416 634) (2 021 020) (13 246 393) (5 635 978) 6 332 890 (14 416 690) 863 377 37 898 819
346 807 484	(331 121 017)	15 686 467	Total	386 321 399	(370 544 030)	15 777 369

# APPENDIX D - Unaudited LANGEBERG MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003 Restated

Ilational Government Grants  ISIG  Icolani Taxi Rank  Masterplans  IIG  Equitable Share  IIG  IIG  IIG  IIG	R 75 945 231 594 54 386 2 430 636	R -	R		_				
MSIG Colani Taxi Rank Masterplans MIG Equitable Share MIG	231 594 54 386	-			R	R	R	R	R
tolani Taxi Rank Masterplans MG Gquitable Share MG	231 594 54 386	-							
Aasterplans AIG Equitable Share AIG MG	54 386		-	75 945	790 000	-	604 550	261 395	0
AIG Equitable Share AIG MG		-	-	231 594	-	-	294	-	231 300
equitable Share MG MG	2 430 636	-	-	54 386	-	-	-	-	54 386
NIG FMG		-	-	2 430 636	-	-	298 499	2 132 137	-0
MG	-	-	-	-	45 172 000	-	45 172 000	-	
	-4 093 970	405 404	3 688 566	-0	15 149 000	-	1 761 515	12 585 272	802 213
MED	213 467	-	-	213 467	1 250 000	-	1 165 775	297 692	(
NLI	-2 807	-221 287	-1 580 622	-1 804 716	3 000 000	-	47 730	515 132	632 422
Provincial Government Grants							ļ		
ibrary services	-	-	-	-	4 885 407	-	4 603 107	282 300	-0
Main roads	-	-	-	-	187 000	-	187 000	-	
Masakhane	353 117	-	-	353 117	-	-		-	353 117
lousing Consumer Education	289 005	-	-	289 005	-	-	-	-	289 005
lousing Emergency Grant	-21 874	2 686	19 187	-	-	-	_	-	
ob creation	128 050	-	-	128 050	-	-	-	-	128 050
Social Development	-2 129 635	77 004	552 632	-1 500 000	1 500 000	-	_ !	-	-0
lousing Home Sanitation	167 671	-	-	167 671	-	-	_	-	167 671
lousing	17 903	-	-	17 903	-	-	_	-	17 903
Dept Water Affairs	140 000	-	-	140 000	-	-	_	-	140 000
raining	233 911	-	-	233 911	481 891	-	402 599	-	313 203
lousing	3 107 260	-	-	3 107 260	4 400 928	-	5 467 600	200 432	1 840 157
DW CDW	-48 000	48 000	-	_	-	-		-	
Public Transport Infrastructure					1 000 000	-	-	-	1 000 000
District Municipality Grants									
D Documents	33 260	-	-	33 260	-	-	_ !		33 260
Route 62 projects	37 377	-	-	37 377	-	-	_!		37 37
PIMS	56 147	-	-	56 147	-	-	_!		56 147
Pre-paid Watermeters	108 527	-	-	108 527	-	-	_!		108 527
Vard Committees	150 000	-	-	150 000	_	-	_ !		150 000
PIMS	17 560	-	-	17 560	-	-	_!		17 560
//////////////////////////////////////	25 000	-	-	25 000	_	-	_ !		25 000
Bakery Project	218 371	-	-	218 371	_	-	_ !		218 37
andfil site	332 400	-	-	332 400	_	_	_ !		332 400
arring of Streets	-154 000	18 912	135 088	332 100	_	_	_ !	] _ [	332 400
Cleanest Town	41 416	- 10 312	-	41 416	-	-		-	41 41
otal	2 012 717	330 719	2 814 851	5 158 288	77 816 226		59 710 669	16 274 360	6 989 484